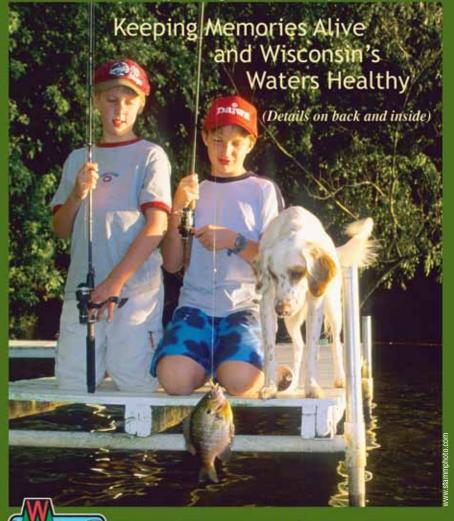
Guide to Wisconsin Hook and Line

Fishing Regulations 2008-2009

Effective April 1, 2008 through March 31, 2009



Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Bureau of Fisheries Management

ATURAL RESOURCE



How to use this pamphlet

Enjoy your fishing, but be sure you know the rules!

To use this pamphlet, follow these steps:



Restrictions: Be familiar with the License Requirements and Statewide Fishing Restrictions on pages 6–10.



Trout waters: If you plan to fish for trout, please see the separate inland trout regulations pamphlet, *Wisconsin 2008-2009 Trout Fishing Regulations and Guide*, available online, from your license distributor, or any DNR Service Center.



Special regulations: Check for special regulations on the water you will be fishing in the section entitled **Special Regulations-Listed by County** beginning on page 22. Check for walleye bag limits in the Ceded Territory insert.



Great Lakes and Boundary Waters: If you are planning to fish on the Great Lakes, their tributaries, or waters bordering other states, check the appropriate tables on pages 58–69.



Statewide rules: If the water you will be fishing is not found in the **Special Regulations-Listed by County** and is not a Great Lake or boundary water, statewide rules apply. See the regulation table for General Inland Waters on pages 56–57.

** This pamphlet is an interpretive summary of Wisconsin's fishing laws and regulations. For complete fishing laws and regulations, consult the Wisconsin State Statutes Chapter 29 and the Administrative Code of the Department of Natural Resources.

Free Fishing Weekend—June 7-8, 2008

Every year, the first consecutive Saturday and Sunday in June is designated as Free Fishing Weekend throughout the state of Wisconsin. Residents and nonresidents of all ages can fish without a fishing license (and trout stamps) over these two days. However, all other fishing regulations (length limits, bag limits, etc.) apply.



Purchase your license on-line at: dnr.wi.gov

Call 1-877-945-4236 (1-877-WILICENSE)

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources provides equal opportunity in its employment, programs, services, and functions under an Affirmative Action Plan. If you have any questions, please write to Equal Opportunity Office, Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C. 20240. This publication may be available in alternate format upon request. Please call (608) 267-7498 for additional information.



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For fishing information or regulation updates, visit www.fishingwisconsin.org

Regulation Changes for 2008–2009

New regulation changes for 2008–2009 include: 1) Anglers must comply with a number of rules to prevent the spread of the fish disease, VHS (see page 21 for details or consult dnr.wi.gov/fish/vhs for any revisions to these rules), 2) The muskellunge length limit has increased to 50" on the St. Louis River, and 3) Artificial lures and barbless hooks must be used if fishing for bass during the catch and release bass fishing season in the Northern Bass Zone.

The regulations in this pamphlet are effective April 1, 2008 through March 31, 2009. We welcome your suggestions on how to improve this pamphlet! Please send ideas to: WDNR, Fisheries Management, FH/4, P. O. Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921

Fishing Licenses, Stamps, and Tags

Wisconsin residents who are 16 years old or older need a fishing license to fish in any waters of the state. Residents need a fishing license to take rough fish by hand, hook and line or to spear fish where allowed. Residents do not need a fishing license to take smelt, rough fish, or minnows with nets, traps, and seines of legal size. (Obtain the 2008–2009 Wisconsin Spearing and Netting Regulations for additional spearing and netting regulations).

Nonresidents who are 16 years old or older need a nonresident fishing license to fish in Wisconsin waters with hook and line. Nonresidents need a fishing license to take rough fish by hand, hook and line, or to spear fish where allowed. Nonresidents also need a fishing license to take smelt, spear fish, or to take rough fish and minnows using nets, traps, and seines of legal size. Nonresidents may not sell minnows or smelt. (Obtain the 2008–2009 Wisconsin Spearing and Netting Regulations for additional spearing and netting regulations).

Fishing licenses are sold at DNR Service Centers, License Sales Agents, or for an additional fee, over the phone at 1-877-WILICENSE (1-877-945-4236) or online at dnr.wi.gov. Groups of disabled persons on fishing excursions conducted by nonprofit organizations may not need fishing licenses. Contact the WDNR Bureau of Customer Service and Licensing, (608) 266-2621 for more information well in advance of your event.

All annual licenses are valid from date of purchase through March 31, 2009

- Resident individual (annual) fishing license—Fee \$20.00
- Resident combination (husband and wife) license—Fee \$31.00. Issued to a legally
 married husband and wife who meet residency requirements.
- Resident sports license—Fee \$60.00 (Nonresident fee \$275). This license allows for fishing and hunting of small game and gun deer.
- Resident junior sports license (12 to 17 years)—Fee \$35.00 (nonresident \$36.00)
- Resident conservation patron license—Fee \$165 (Nonresident fee \$600). This license serves as a substitute for separate licenses and stamps for annual fishing, inland trout fishing, Great Lakes trout and salmon fishing, hook and line lake sturgeon harvest, hunting small game, turkey, pheasant, deer, waterfowl, archer hunting, and trapping (trapping for residents and qualified nonresidents only). You also receive an admission sticker for state parks, state forests and state trails, and a one-year subscription to Wisconsin Natural Resources magazine.
- Resident junior conservation patron license (12–17 years)—Fee \$75.00 (nonresident \$77.00)

- Resident reduced-rate fishing license—Fee \$7.00. Required of anglers 16 and 17 years of age and anglers 65 years of age and older. Residents born before 1927 do not need a fishing license. Simply carry proof of age when fishing. Nonresident senior citizens must purchase a regular nonresident license.
- Resident annual fishing licenses for the disabled—Fee \$7.00. Anglers must provide
 proof they are receiving Social Security Disability Benefits or Railroad Retirement
 because of disability. Discount applies to resident fishing license only. Disabled
 nonresidents need to buy a regular nonresident license.
- Resident annual disabled veteran's fishing license—Fee \$3.00. Veterans must provide
 proof they are receiving benefits from the Veteran's Administration for a service or
 non-service related disability of more than 70%. Nonresident disabled veterans must
 purchase a regular nonresident license.
- Free annual resident armed forces fishing license for members of the U.S. armed forces who exhibit proof that they are in active service with the armed forces and that they are a resident on furlough or leave.
- Nonresident individual (annual) fishing license—Fee \$50.00.
- Nonresident 4-day individual license—Fee \$24.00.
- Nonresident 15-day individual license—Fee \$28.00.
- Nonresident 15-day family license—Fee \$40.00. Includes children 16 & 17 years old*.
- Nonresident annual family license—Fee \$65.00. Includes children 16 & 17 years old* (Please Note: Family licenses do not include grandchildren ages 16 & 17 years old).
- Annual Inland Trout Stamp Privilege (residents and nonresidents)—Fee \$10.00. See
 Wisconsin 2008–2009 Trout Fishing Regulations and Guide for license restrictions. Required in addition to your fishing license to fish trout on tributaries to Lake
 Superior and all inland waters, except Green Bay and Lake Michigan tributaries up
 to the first dam or lake.
- Annual Great Lakes Trout and Salmon Stamp Privilege (residents and nonresidents)—Fee \$10.00. Required in addition to your fishing license to fish trout or salmon on Lake Superior, Lake Michigan, Green Bay and the tributaries of Lake Michigan and Green Bay up to the first dam or lake—see definition on page 63.
- Two-day Sports fishing license for residents and nonresidents—Fee \$14.00. This
 license entitles a resident or nonresident to fish the outlying waters of Lake Superior,
 Lake Michigan, and Green Bay, as well as Lake Michigan and Green Bay tributaries
 upstream to the first dam or lake. License includes the Great Lakes Trout and Salmon
 stamp privilege.
- Two-day Inland Lake Trout Fishing License (residents only)—Fee \$14.00. This license authorizes fishing for lake trout on inland lakes. A trout stamp is not required.
- Hook and Line Lake Sturgeon Harvest Tag (Resident Fee—\$20; Nonresident Fee—\$50). Anglers who intend to harvest a lake sturgeon must purchase this tag, regardless of age or need for a fishing license. Harvest tags are available for either inland waters or WI/MI boundary waters. A fishing license is required to fish for sturgeon (unless you are exempt), but a harvest tag is not required for catch and release sturgeon fishing.

Automated License Issuance System (ALIS)

The ALIS for license and stamp sales has eliminated the need to affix a stamp to your license when fishing for trout in inland waters or salmon and trout on the Great Lakes. The stamp privilege you purchase will be printed on your license. If you pay for a stamp and still want to receive the actual stamp, you can get one at a DNR service center at no additional cost or through the mail for an additional fee.

Lost Fishing Licenses/Stamps

If you lose your fishing license, you may obtain a duplicate for \$10.00 at DNR Service Centers, License Sales Agents, 1-877-WILICENSE, or online at dnr.wi.gov. If you had any fishing stamp privileges, they will automatically print with the duplicate license at no extra charge. However, if you had purchased your license and stamp privileges at different times and lost only the stamp privilege, you will need to purchase the stamp privilege at full price.

Inland Trout/Great Lakes Trout and Salmon Stamp Privileges

You must have an inland trout stamp privilege if you need a fishing license and intend to fish for trout in inland waters, including streams flowing into Lake Superior (except a trout stamp is not needed for fishing lake trout on inland lakes under the authority of an inland lake trout fishing license). You need a Great Lakes Trout and Salmon Stamp Privilege to fish for trout and salmon in Lake Superior, Lake Michigan, and streams that flow into Green Bay and Lake Michigan from their mouths up to the first dam or lake including the Milwaukee River upstream to the Grafton Dam in the village of Grafton and tributaries of the Milwaukee River upstream to the first dam or lake, and the Menomonee River upstream to the Lepper Dam in the village of Menomonee Falls and tributaries of the Menomonee River upstream to the first dam or lake. Anyone who is exempt from the requirements to have a fishing license or who is not required to pay a fee for a fishing license also does not need to purchase an Inland Trout or Great Lakes Trout and Salmon Stamp Privilege to fish for trout in those waters. Anyone who must purchase a fishing license, must also purchase trout stamp privileges to fish trout waters. Please consult the 2008–2009 Trout Fishing Regulations and Guide for further trout and salmon information. For online information on Lake Michigan and its tributaries visit dnr.gov.wi/fish/lakemich.

Fishing and Sport Trolling Guide Licenses

Only licensed fishing guides and sport trollers may guide anglers for any compensation. Guide license fee is \$40 for a resident and \$100 for a nonresident. Sport trolling licenses are required for guiding any person in sport trolling for trout or salmon on any outlying water of lakes Superior and Michigan and Green Bay. Sport trolling license fee is \$100 for a resident and \$400 for a nonresident. Interested persons may call 608/266-2621 for application materials.

Hook and Line Lake Sturgeon Harvest Tag, Tagging, and Registration

If you intend to harvest a lake sturgeon, you must first purchase an inland or boundary water hook and line sturgeon harvest tag from your local DNR Service Center or License Sales Agent. After you catch a lake sturgeon of legal length that you wish to keep, you must immediately validate and attach your tag to the fish just in front of the sturgeon's tail. If you don't plan to keep the fish, it must be immediately released. It is illegal to tether, keep or possess a sturgeon without validating and attaching the tag. A harvested fish must be registered at a designated registration station no later than 6 p.m. the day after you caught the fish.

Statewide Fishing Restrictions

It is illegal—Licenses

• to fish in any waters of this state without a Wisconsin fishing license and stamp privilege as required. You must have your fishing license with you when fishing and

present it to a warden on request. Even waters with no public access (including most private ponds) are considered waters of the state and the appropriate license, tag, or stamp is still required.

• to possess, loan, or borrow another person's license, stamp, or tag.

Angling Methods and Lures

- to fish with more than three hooks, baits, or lures.
- to take fish by any means other than angling unless otherwise allowed.
- to leave any fish line unattended except when using licensed setlines or bank poles.
 When fishing in open water, anglers must remain within 100 yards of their line(s).
 Failure to immediately respond to a line upon indication of a bite will be sufficient evidence that the line is unattended.
- to fish using the technique known as "jug" fishing in all waters of the state. Jug fishing is the use of any free floating or anchored bouyant device with attached hook and line that is not held or otherwise controlled by the angler.
- to possess or use spears, snag hooks, gill nets, trammel nets, hoop nets or fish traps or to use or possess on the water unlicensed setlines, bank poles and trotlines. See the 2008–2009 Wisconsin Spearing and Netting Regulations for more information.
- to fish by snagging, foul-hooking, or attempting to hook fish other than in the mouth.
- to keep foul-hooked, snagged or any fish not hooked in the mouth.
- to take fish other than rough fish by hand.
- to take fish using a firearm, air gun, or similar device.
- to fish with a hook and line while possessing a dip net (a landing net is not a dip net).
- to possess or use a sinker release device while fishing.
- to motor troll except in counties and waters listed in the section titled **Special Regulations—Listed by County** (see definition of motor trolling on page 16).
- to tag and release fish without first obtaining a scientific collectors permit.

Bait

- to release unused bait fish into Wisconsin's lakes, ponds, rivers, and streams.
- to possess live crayfish while fishing or while possessing angling equipment on any inland water, except the Mississippi River.
- to use goldfish or alewife in any form for bait in state waters except that alewife may be used on Lake Michigan, Green Bay and their tributary streams up to the first dam or lake.
- to remove insect larvae from a trout stream except that a licensed angler may take
 insect larvae or nymphs from trout streams by hand (no seines or nets) during the
 open trout season for their immediate personal use as bait in the stream from which
 they were taken. All unused larvae and nymphs must be returned to the stream prior
 to leaving the stream from which taken.
- to use gamefish as bait unless they meet any length restriction for the water body you are fishing and are included in your daily bag limit for that species.
- to possess any bait on waters where only the use of artificial lures is authorized.

Seasons, Bag Limits, and Length Limits

- to fish for a species of fish during the closed season for that species (includes catch and release fishing).
- to possess a fish that is above a maximum length limit or below the minimum length limit established for the waters being fished.

- to take, catch, kill, or fish for any variety of fish in excess of the daily bag limit or total daily bag limit (see definitions page 11)
- to group bag. For example, if an angler catches a limit of 25 panfish and gives them to another person, the person catching the fish has attained their daily bag limit and can no longer keep panfish that day. Any fish received are considered part of the recipient's possession limit, but not part of their daily bag limit unless they are possessed while on the water, bank or shore of the water, ice, or while fishing.
- to possess or fish for more than the daily bag limit of fish while you're fishing or while you're on the water, shore of the water, or on the ice.
- to possess more than twice the total daily bag limit at any time, except from the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters where only one total daily bag limit can be possessed. The possession limit for the Great Lakes and their tributaries having anadromous trout is twice the total daily bag limit.
- to transport fish subject to a length limit, unless you leave the skin and scales intact (on the fish); the heads and tails can't be removed unless the dressed fish or fillets meet the minimum length limit.
- to sort fish. Any fish you take into possession which you do not release immediately
 is part of your daily bag limit even if it is released later.
- to fish in trout streams for any species of fish when the trout season is closed except that rough fish may be taken by hand.

Restricted Fishing Areas

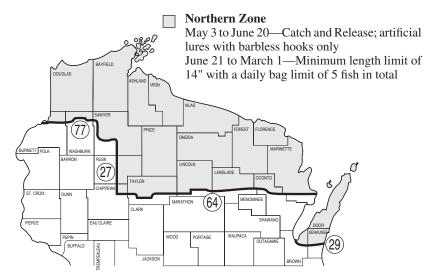
- to sponsor a fishing tournament without a permit from the DNR.
- to fish in fish refuges. Refuges are posted "No Fishing" with DNR or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service signs. See additional information on page 18.
- to fish using any method other than hook and line (including by hand) within 200 feet of a fishway, lock, or dam.
- to fish within 500 feet of any DNR net or weir when the area is posted by the DNR.

Other

- to deposit fish carcasses or parts, including entrails or other waste, into Wisconsin waters or on the bank or shore of any water.
- to use or possess a box or container in which to hold live fish unless a legible tag bearing the owner or user's name and address is attached to the container. Containers and live boxes used by anglers while fishing are exempt from this requirement.
- to buy, sell, or trade any game fish. It is legal to sell rough fish (definition; page 18).
- to buy, sell, or trade minnows, frogs, or crayfish for use as bait without a bait dealer license.
- to transport live rough fish (except goldfish, dace, and suckers) into or within the state without a permit from the DNR.
- to withhold catch and fishing effort information when interviewed by authorized DNR creel clerks.

Largemouth and Smallmouth Bass Management Zones

The following map identifies the boundary and regulation differences between the Northern and Southern Bass Management Zones. Check the **Special Regulations—Listed by County** for exceptions to the following statewide regulations. See tables on pages 63–67 for specific application of Northern and Southern Bass Management Zone rules for Lake Michigan, Green Bay, and their tributaries.

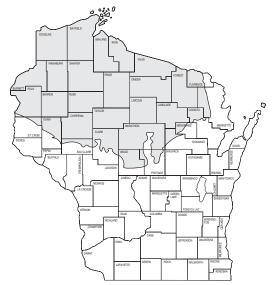


Southern Zone

May 3 to March 1—Minimum length limit of 14" with a daily bag limit of 5 fish in total.

Ceded Territory

The ceded territory encompasses 22,400 square miles of northern Wisconsin that was ceded to the United States by the Lake Superior Chippewa Tribes in 1837 and 1842. Some special fisheries regulations occur in the ceded territory as a result of Chippewa off-reservation treaty rights as mandated by Federal Court rulings. Some waters may have more restrictive bag or length limits. Check for public notices at access points. Also obtain the latest list of the adjusted walleye bag limits (insert to regulations pamphlet) or online at dnr.gov.wi/fish/ceded.

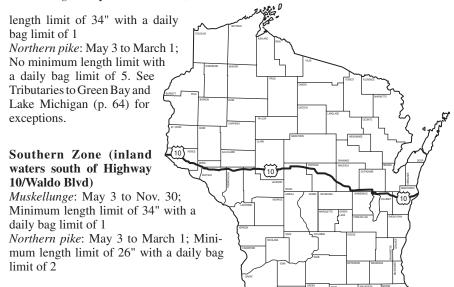


Muskellunge and Northern Pike Management Zones

US Highway 10 divides the state into a northern and southern management zone for muskellunge and northern pike. Check the **Special Regulations—Listed by County** for exceptions to the following statewide regulations:

Northern Zone (inland waters north of Highway 10/Waldo Blvd—excluding WI/MI boundary waters)

Muskellunge: May 24 to Nov. 30; Minimum



General Information

Anglers' Club

The "Hooked on Wisconsin" Anglers' Club is a program that acknowledges resident and nonresident anglers for their outstanding sport fishing catches. Anglers may apply for membership in the Live Release, Kept Fish, or Mixed Bag categories. Write: Anglers' Club, FH/4, P.O. Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921 for complete details.

Artificial Lures

Some regulations restrict anglers to the use of artificial lures only. Artificial lure means a spoon, spinner, plug, or other fish bait made of hair, feathers, cork, wood, rubber, metal, plastic, or other synthetic materials, or combinations of these materials. An artificial lure may not include natural or organic food stuffs like corn, marshmallows, dough, cheese, meat, living or dead organisms or parts thereof, except hair, feathers, cork, wood, and rubber. Liquid scents sprayed on an artificial lure are legal to use when fishing an artificial lure only water or season.

Daily Bag/Total Daily Bag Limits

The **daily bag limit** is the maximum number of fish that an angler may reduce to his/her possession from a specified waterbody or a portion of a waterbody in one day.

Total Daily Bag Limit
25 in total, of which only 2 may be flathead catfish from the Lake Winnebago system
25 pounds and one fish in total
10 in total
1 per season
5 in total
1
5 in total
2 in total

25 in total

0 but one of each may be killed

delivery to a DNR Service Center

and possessed for immediate

or regional office.

None

5 in total

Total daily bag limits for Wisconsin fish species*

Panfish (bluegill, pumpkinseed, yellow perch,

Rock, white, and yellow bass & bullheads

white and black crappie)

Ruffe, white perch, and gobies

Walleye, sauger, and hybrids

Shovelnose sturgeon

The **total daily bag limit** is the maximum number of fish that an angler may reduce to his/her possession in one day from all waters or portions of waters fished for that day. An angler may combine the catch of a particular species from multiple waters until the total daily bag limit is reached as long as the daily bag limit for each body of water is never exceeded. Be aware that while on the water you may not possess more than the daily limit for that body of water. For example, an angler catches a daily limit of walleye from a 3-bag limit lake. The angler can not then go to another lake with a 2 walleye limit while still possessing the 3 fish from the previous lake.

Boating Information

A wearable personal flotation device (life jacket) of the correct size for the intended wearer must be available for each person in a boat. Additional boating information is contained in Wisconsin Boating Regulations available from any WDNR office, or by calling (608) 266-2141. Information on boat registration can be obtained by calling (608) 266-2621.

Camping

Camping on state-owned lands is strictly prohibited except within designated camping areas. Check with the local DNR office for specific camping regulations.

^{*} The total daily bag limit may be exceeded only on specific waters authorized or posted by the DNR and for waters listed on pages 22–69 that have a higher bag limit.

Catch and Release: It will grow on you!

Fish you wish to release, and fish not meeting the legal length limit, should be played as little as possible and handled carefully with wet hands. The fish should not be held out of the water longer than necessary to remove hooks, take a photograph, or measure the fish. If live release is intended, a quick set rig should be employed, where the hook is set immediately upon pickup, to prevent deeply hooked fish. Deep-hooked fish, if meeting the legal limit, should be kept as studies have shown that leaving the hook in the gullet or gut and cutting the leader regularly kills the fish. If the fish does not meet the legal length limit it must be let go after cutting the line or leader as close to the hook as possible.

Clamming

There is no open season for taking live clams from inland waters. Recreational clamming is allowed on boundary and outlying waters only.

Crayfish

- A fishing or small game license is required to take crayfish.
- No person may possess live crayfish and angling equipment simultaneously on any inland water except the Mississippi River.
- No person may place, deposit, throw or otherwise introduce live crayfish or crabs into any water of the state unless a stocking permit authorizing introduction has been issued.
- Crayfish traps placed in trout streams shall conform to the dimensions of minnow traps. See **Minnow and other Bait Fish Regulations** on page 16.

There are no bag or size limits on crayfish and no closed season except on the **Wisconsin/Minnesota boundary waters** where the open season is from May 1 to the following March 1, both dates inclusive.

Crayfish scoops may be used in **Wisconsin/Minnesota boundary waters** provided the scoops do not exceed 4 feet in length, 3 feet in width and 18 inches in depth attached to a handle not to exceed 4 feet in length.

Crayfish may be taken in all waters by the following means only: By hand, by use of minnow seines and minnow dip nets, where the same are permitted for the taking of minnows, and by crayfish traps (other than in trout streams) with any entrance to the trap not to exceed $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches at the greatest diagonal measurement. Crayfish may not be taken by hook and line. Traps must bear the name and address of the owner and must be raised and emptied at least once each day following the day set.

Parts of fish, fish by-products including fish meal or prepared parts of such fish may not be used for bait unless: the fish were caught from the water being trapped, were obtained from a bait dealer, or were used with written authorization from the WDNR. Other meats (e.g., chicken and beef livers) may be used for bait for crayfish.

Floats or markers used to locate traps may not exceed 5 inches in size and may not extend more than 4 inches above the water surface and be of a color other than orange or fluorescent coloration.

Endangered and Threatened (E/T) Species

Without a permit, it is illegal to take, possess, transport, or sell any species that is included on the Wisconsin Endangered and Threatened Species List. Endangered fish species include: skipjack herring, crystal darter, gravel chub, bluntnose darter, starhead topminnow, goldeye, striped shiner, black redhorse, pallid shiner, and slender madtom.

Threatened fish species include: blue sucker, black buffalo, longear sunfish, redfin shiner, river redhorse, greater redhorse, pugnose shiner, Ozark minnow, gilt darter, and paddlefish. Visit http://dnr.wi.gov/org/land/er/ to find additional listed species information.

Frogs and Turtles

A fishing or small game license is required to take frogs and turtles. Some species are protected and may not be harvested.

These regulations apply to native Wisconsin frog and turtle species, regardless of their origin.

No non-resident harvest or possession of frogs is allowed, except frogs taken and possessed for use as fishing bait.

License Requirements

All residents and non-residents who collect, attempt to collect, or possess native Wisconsin aquatic turtles must possess one of the following resident or non-resident licenses: Fishing, Small Game, Sports, Conservation Patron, Setline*, or Set or Bank Pole*. (* These licenses are available only to residents). Existing Senior Citizen Recreational Cards also qualify. In addition to the licenses listed above, residents holding a Commercial Fishing License may harvest turtles on Mississippi River Boundary Waters. Note: Residents under the age of 16 do not need a license to take frogs or turtles but must comply with all other regulations.

Seasons

Frogs. The open frog season runs from the Saturday nearest May 1 through December 31.

Turtles. The open turtle season runs from July 15 through November 30. Turtles or turtle eggs may not be taken during the closed season.

Possession Limits

- The possession limit for snapping turtles and softshell turtles is 3 statewide, except on the Mississippi River, where the possession limit is 10 for snapping turtles and 5 for softshell turtles.
- Licensed bait dealers and registered fish farmers may possess more than 5 specimens
 of any unprotected amphibian species which are collected or possessed as part of a
 bait collection or shipment.
- More than 5 frogs may be collected for use as fishing bait, but no more than 5 of any species may be possessed for more than 24 hours.

It is illegal to sell native amphibians and reptiles, except:

- Eastern tiger salamanders, mudpuppies, and northern leopard frogs may be sold.
- Native amphibians and reptiles not considered endangered and threatened, and collected outside the state may be sold out of state or to education or research institutions in-state*
- Legally harvested dead turtles and their parts may be sold during the open season
- Licensed bait dealers may sell frogs for use as fishing bait
- *Note: A Class A Captive Wild Animal Farm License is required to sell under the above exceptions, except for frogs sold as fishing bait under a bait dealer's license.

Size Limits

- Snapping turtle size limits are a 12-inch minimum and a 16-inch maximum carapace (top shell) length.
- There are no size limits for other turtles.

Harvesting Methods

- It is unlawful to take frogs by firearms or airguns.
- Turtles may be taken by hand, dip net, hook and line, set line, set or bank poles, hooking, or hoop net trap (see allowed design below). No other trap types are allowed.
- Turtles may not be taken by hook and line from trout streams during the closed trout season.
- Parts of fish, fish by-products including fish meal or prepared parts of such fish may
 not be used for bait unless: the fish were caught from the water being trapped, were
 obtained from a bait dealer, or were used with written authorization from the WDNR.
 Other meats (e.g., chicken and beef livers) may be used for bait for turtles.
- The number of hoop traps that can be operated are 10 in Iowa-Wisconsin or Minnesota-Wisconsin boundary waters and 3 in all other waters of the state.



Hoop Net Trap Specifications

Traps must be made of stretchable fabric (e.g., nylon) and must have a minimum mesh stretch of 6 inches.

No wire mesh is allowed. Each trap must have a metal tag stamped or engraved with the name and address of the operator attached, and must be visible above the water's surface. The operator identified on the trap tag is the only person authorized to tend these traps. Traps must be set with the hoops exposed a minimum of 2 inches above the water's surface. Turtle traps must be checked and the entrapped contents removed at least once each day after the day they are set in all waters.

Game Fish, Rough Fish, and Minnows; Definitions

By Wisconsin law, game fish are defined as all varieties of fish except rough fish and minnows. **Rough fish** include: dace, suckers, carp, goldfish, redhorse, freshwater drum, burbot, bowfin, gar, buffalo, lamprey, alewife, gizzard shad, smelt, mooneye, and carpsuckers. **Minnows** include: suckers, mud minnow, madtoms, stonecat, killifish, stickleback, trout perch, darters, sculpins, and all species in the minnow family (except goldfish and carp).

Health Advisory for Eating Fish

Although fish are delicious and nutritious, some fish contain contaminants at levels that can pose health risks to people who eat fish frequently. To reduce your exposure to these contaminants, the state issues advice to help you plan what fish to keep as well as how often and how much fish to eat. Please read the information below and consult the complete fish consumption advisory as a guide to eating fish low in contaminants. Fish consumption advice is provided for fish that may contain mercury, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and other compounds.

Statewide mercury advisory: Mercury is found in almost all waters throughout the state. Wisconsin's statewide advice for most of Wisconsin's inland (non-Great Lakes) waters recommends that:

Women of childbearing years, nursing mothers and all children under 15 may eat:

- One meal per week of bluegill, sunfish, crappies, yellow perch, bullheads, inland trout; and
- One meal per month of walleye, northern pike, bass, catfish, and all other species (The exception is muskies, which should not be eaten by this group of people because of the high mercury content in muskies).

Men, and women beyond their childbearing years may eat:

- Unrestricted amounts of bluegill, sunfish, crappies, yellow perch, bullheads, inland trout; and
- One meal per week of walleye, northern pike, bass, catfish, and all other species.
- One meal per month of musky.

On certain waters, where data indicates higher mercury levels, more restrictive advice is needed. In addition, fish purchased from stores or restaurants may contain mercury. Consult the fish consumption advisory booklet for more specific advice.

PCB advisory: PCBs are most often associated with industrialized river systems and the Great Lakes. Check the complete fish consumption advisory for specific recommendations on how many meals you can safely eat of fish species caught from waters contaminated with polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), such as Lakes Michigan and Superior, some large rivers and other surface waters. PCBs are generally stored in the fat of fish, so you can reduce PCB levels in fish you eat by trimming away the fatty areas and properly cooking your fish. The complete advisory contains more information on cooking and cleaning your fish.

Complete fish consumption advisory: You can download the complete fish consumption advisories directly from the website at: http://www.fishingwisconsin.org. For a free, printed copy, call or write your local DNR office or local health department. You may also call the Bureau of Fisheries Management at (608) 267-7498.

Ice Fishing

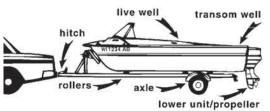
Statewide fishing restrictions apply (see Page 6). Fishing holes cut through the ice cannot measure more than 12 inches across. The doors of enclosed fishing shelters must be readily opened from the outside while occupied; they may be locked only while not occupied and not in use. The shelter owner's name and address (in English) must be legibly painted or otherwise affixed on the outside of the fishing shelter with block lettering a minimum of one inch square and in contrasting colors. Fishing shelters that are occupied or otherwise in use are exempt from this requirement. Fishing shelters on Wisconsin boundary waters with Iowa, Michigan or Minnesota must display the name and address on all shelters at all times, even portable shelters that are occupied or in use. After the date for removing shelters from the ice, you may continue to use a portable shelter, but you must remove it daily when it is not occupied or in use. Shelters must be removed daily on the Fox River in Brown County from the DePere Dam downstream. All ice fishing shelters must be completely removed from:

 Lake Michigan, Green Bay, Lake Superior, and inland waters north of Highway 64 by the First Sunday following March 12.

- Inland waters south of Highway 64 by the First Sunday following March 1.
- Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters by March 15.
- Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters by March 1.
- Wisconsin-Iowa boundary waters by February 20.

Invasive Species

Aquatic invasive species can crowd out native plants and animals and threaten the quality of boating and fishing in the waters we love. Boaters and anglers can help prevent the spread of these aquatic hitchhikers:



Inspect and **remove** aquatic plants, animals, and mud from your boat, trailer, and equipment before leaving the water access. **New rules require the draining of all** water from your boat and equipment (including live wells and bait containers) before leaving the water access. **Dispose** of unwanted bait in a lawful manner such as trash, burial, or composting. **Spray/rinse** your boat and equipment with hot and/or high pressure water, especially if moored for more than a day, or **Dry** your boat and equipment for at least 5 days.

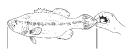
When inspecting your boat for plants or animals, be sure to check the spots labeled in the drawing.

Wisconsin Statutes prohibit placing any boat, boat trailer, or boating equipment into waters of the state if there are any aquatic plants or zebra mussels attached.

Visit dnr.wi.gov/invasives to learn more about invasive species in Wisconsin.

Measuring Fish

Fish must be measured in a straight line from the tip of the snout with the mouth closed to the end of the compressed tail.



Minnows and other Bait Fish Regulations

It is illegal to transport live bait fish away from any water unless authorized under a wild bait harvest permit. It is illegal for anyone to possess more than 600 minnows except licensed bait dealers and residents younger than 16 years. It is also illegal for nonresidents to sell minnows, crayfish, or frogs as bait. Residents 16 years or older must have a bait dealer's license to sell minnows, crayfish, or frogs for bait. Residents under 16 years can possess no more than 5,000 of each species and can sell less than \$500 worth annually without a bait dealer's license. No minnow species may be netted or trapped in Lake Superior and its tributaries. No minnow species may be trapped or netted in Lake Michigan or Green Bay, except suckers may be taken with dip nets only. No minnow species, except suckers, may be trapped or netted from the tributaries to Lake Michigan and Green Bay. Only licensed bait dealers with a permit from the DNR, may use minnow seines or minnow dip nets of any type or description in inland trout streams or tributary spring ponds. During the open trout season, people who do not possess a bait dealer's license can't use more than three minnow traps to remove minnows from trout streams. Minnow traps are not allowed in trout streams during the closed season for trout.

Bait fish may be collected, possessed and used on the water they were caught on, or a connected water without a wild bait harvest permit if they are never transported away from the water, bank, or shore.

Bait minnows may be taken, where allowed, by the following methods only:

- · Hook and line.
- With seines no more than 35 feet long with a mesh no larger than one-half inch stretch measure in inland waters. Fifty-foot lengths of seine may be used in Minnesota and Iowa boundary waters.
- With dip nets no more than eight feet in diameter or square.
- With traps no more than 24 inches long and 16 inches in diameter or square with a throat measuring one-and-a-half inches or less. All traps must bear their owner's name and address and be emptied at least once every 48 hours (once every 24 hours on trout streams). On Minnesota and Iowa boundary waters, minnows must be removed from traps at least once a day from one hour before sunrise to one hour after sunset.

Motor Trolling

"Motor trolling" is trailing a lure, bait, or similar device used to attract or catch fish from a boat while being propelled (forwards or backwards) by a motor or a sail or while being towed by a boat being propelled by a motor or sail. Motor trolling is illegal except in some counties and waters as listed in the section titled **Special Regulations—Listed by County**, beginning on page 22. Casting and immediate retrieval of a bait or lure while being propelled (forwards or backwards) by a motor or a sail or while being towed by a boat being propelled by a motor or sail is not motor trolling. NOTE: Trailing a bait or lure from a boat that is being propelled by motor or sail at the same time casting and immediately retrieving another bait or lure is considered motor trolling and is not allowed.

"Backtrolling" is only legal in waters where motor trolling is allowed. "Position fishing" is fishing from a boat where the fishing line extends vertically into the water while the boat is maneuvered (forwards or backwards) by a motor used to position or maintain the position of the boat over underwater structure. Position fishing is allowed statewide in all waters.

Native American Reservations

Native American reservations in Wisconsin are governed by a unique blend of federal, state, and tribal law. You should find out about current tribal policies for natural resources use at each tribal headquarters before entering a reservation to hunt or fish. Failure to do so may place you in conflict with the law and subject you to enforcement action.

Panfish

The term "panfish" is defined as any of the following species: bluegill, pumpkinseed, black and white crappie, yellow perch, green sunfish, warmouth, and orangespotted sunfish.

Record Fish

If you think you or someone else has caught a fish that may be a state record, here's what to do:

- · don't clean or freeze the fish.
- · keep the fish cool—preferably on ice.
- get the fish weighed as soon as possible on a certified scale (found in grocery, hardware stores, etc.) and witnessed by an observer.

• contact the nearest DNR office to get the fish species positively identified and to find out whether the fish is a state record.

See page 19 for a partial list of current state record fish. For a complete list of Wisconsin's record fish, contact any DNR Service Center or write to or call: WDNR, Bureau of Fisheries Management, FH/4, P.O. Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707, (608) 267-9426.

Refuges, Fish

Occasionally, fish need additional protection during critical times of their lives. Fish refuges are one of the tools a fisheries biologist uses to provide this protection. Refuges are generally created to protect spawning fish or the nursery areas of developing fish. All refuges are posted with No Fishing signs from the DNR or the US Fish and Wildlife Service. It is illegal to take, disturb, catch, capture, kill, or fish for fish in any manner in a posted refuge. Some refuges are operated year round, while others restrict angler access seasonally. Anglers should contact their local fisheries biologist for more detailed information on refuges in their immediate area. See page 71 for phone numbers of DNR service centers.

Residency, Establishing

You are eligible to obtain a resident license if:

- immediately before applying for a license, you have maintained your permanent residence and have lived in Wisconsin for a period of 30 days. Ownership of property and payment of property tax do not alone establish residency. Voter registration, driver license, and vehicle registration are also factors that influence residency.
- you are 16-17 years old and have a parent that is a Wisconsin resident.
- you are a non-resident in service in the U.S. Armed Forces and stationed in Wisconsin;
- you are a full-time non-resident/ student in residence at any Wisconsin public or private college or university offering degree; or,
- you are citizen of a foreign country temporarily residing in the state while attending a Wisconsin high school or agricultural short course in the UW system.

Rough Fish

Suckers, redhorse, carp, and other rough fish (unless listed as threatened or endangered, p. 12) may be taken by hand or hook and line. However, it is illegal to fish by hook and line in a trout stream during the closed trout season. (See separate 2008–2009 Spearing and Netting Regulations). You may return rough fish taken by hand or hook and line to the water. Rough fish taken by spear or bow and arrow may not be returned to the water. Dispose of them properly; do not leave them on shore or on the ice.

Tagged Fish and Tagging Fish

DNR fisheries biologists attach tags to fish for research purposes. If you catch a tagged fish, please notify the nearest DNR office with the tag number, when and where the fish was caught, its length, and its weight. If you keep the fish, send in the tag; if you release it, leave the tag on the fish but be sure to record the tag number. It is illegal for anyone to catch, tag, and release a fish without first obtaining a scientific collector's permit.

Tournament Permits

A permit is required from the WDNR for any organized fishing activity, on any water of the state where competition is the primary intent, where prizes are awarded which, in total, have a value of more than \$500, where the total number of participants is greater

Wisconsin's Hook and Line Record Fish

(For a complete list contact any DNR office)

Species	Weight	Date caught	Location caught
Bass, Largemouth	11 lbs. 3 oz.	10/12/1940	Lake Ripley, Jefferson Co.
Bass, Smallmouth	9 lbs. 1 oz.	06/21/1950	Indian Lake, Oneida Co.
Bass, Rock	2 lbs. 15 oz.	06/02/1990	Shadow Lake, Waupaca Co.
Bass, Hybrid Striped	13 lbs. 14.2 oz.	03/16/2002	Lake Columbia, Columbia Co.
Bass (White)	4 lbs. 6 oz.	09/24/1977	Okauchee Lake, Waukesha Co.
Bluegill	2 lbs. 9.8 oz.	08/02/1995	Green Bay, Brown Co.
Buffalo, Bigmouth	73 lbs. 1.6 oz.	03/22/2004	Lake Koshkonong, Jefferson Co.
Bullhead, Black	5 lbs. 8 oz.	09/02/1989	Big Falls Flowage, Rusk Co.
Bullhead, Brown	3 lbs. 12 oz.	07/31/1972	Nelson Lake, Sawyer Co.
Bullhead, Yellow	3 lbs. 5 oz.	06/06/1983	Nelson Lake, Sawyer Co.
Carp, Common	57 lbs. 2 oz.	08/28/1966	Lake Wisconsin, Columbia Co.
Catfish, Channel	44 lbs. 0 oz.	1962	Wisconsin River, Columbia Co.
Catfish, Flathead	74 lbs. 5 oz.	03/30/2001	Mississippi River, Vernon Co.
Crappie, Black	4 lbs. 8 oz.	08/12/1967	Gile Flowage, Iron Co.
Crappie, White	3 lbs. 13.1 oz.	05/04/2003	Cranberry Marsh, Monroe Co.
Drum (Sheepshead)	35 lbs. 4 oz.	08/29/1992	Mississippi River, Crawford Co.
Muskellunge	69 lbs. 11 oz.	10/20/0949	Chippewa Flowage, Sawyer Co.
Muskellunge, Tiger	51 lbs. 3 oz.	07/16/1919	Lake Vieux Desert, Vilas Co.
Northern Pike	38 lbs. 0 oz.	08/06/1952	Lake Puckaway, Green Lake Co.
Perch, Yellow	3 lbs. 4 oz.	1954	Lake Winnebago, Winnebago Co.
Pumpkinseed	1 lb. 2 oz.	05/27/2003	Big Round Lake, Polk Co.
Salmon, Coho	26 lbs. 1.9 oz.	08/21/1999	Lake Michigan, Milwaukee Co.
Salmon, Chinook	44 lbs. 15 oz.	07/19/1994	Lake Michigan, Door Co.
Sauger	5 lbs. 13 oz.	11/08/1988	Lake Wisconsin, Columbia Co.
Sturgeon, Lake	170 lbs. 10 oz.	09/22/1979	Yellow Lake, Burnett Co
Sturgeon, Shovelnose	7 lbs. 5 oz.	09/07/1998	Mississippi River, Vernon Co
Trout, Brook (inland)	9 lbs. 15 oz.	09/02/1944	Prairie River, Lincoln Co.
Trout, Brook (outlying)	10 lbs. 1 oz.	06/08/1999	Lake Michigan, Ozaukee Co.
Trout, Brown (inland)	18 lbs. 6 oz.	05/07/1984	Lake Geneva, Walworth Co.
Trout, Brown (outlying)	36 lbs. 8.9 oz.	08/23/2004	Lake Michigan, Kewaunee Co.
Trout, Lake (inland)	35 lbs. 4 oz.	06/01/1957	Green Lake, Green Lake Co.
Trout, Lake (outlying)	47 lbs. 0 oz.	09/09/1946	Lake Superior, Bayfield Co.
Trout, Rainbow (inland)	12 lbs. 3 oz.	06/15/2006	Elbow Lake, Marinette Co.
Trout, Rainbow (outlying)	27 lbs. 2 oz.	07/26/1997	Lake Michigan, Kewaunee Co.
Walleye	18 lbs. 0 oz.	09/16/1933	High Lake, Vilas Co.

than 40 individuals or 20 boats, where the waters to be fished are identified by name by the sponsor, and where participants are required to fish on the same dates.. Permit applications can be obtained from the fisheries biologist in the county where you plan to hold the tournament. Completed applications should be returned to the appropriate fisheries biologist no sooner than one calendar year before and no later than 30 days before the starting date of the tournament. Results of the tournament must be reported

to the appropriate fisheries biologist within 30 days following the tournament. Forms are provided by the WDNR. Current tournament fishing information and a list of fisheries biologists can be found online at www.fishingwisconsin.org.

Urban Fishing

Urban fishing waters are small lakes and ponds under 25 acres that are intensively and cooperatively managed with a municipality. They are posted with signs, have special regulations, and their shoreline is accessible to the public. Special regulations on designated urban waters in the Southeast Region are: a year-round season, no length limits, and a special season (March 8 thru April 25, 2008) for juveniles 15 years of age and younger and certain disabled anglers. They also have a daily bag limit of three (3) trout, one (1) gamefish (largemouth bass, smallmouth bass, walleve, sauger, and northern pike), and ten (10) panfish (bluegill, crappie, pumpkinseed, yellow perch, and bullhead). The following urban waters in the counties in the SE Region are posted with the special regulations that apply: Kenosha County: Anderson Park, Bong Children's Pond, Poerio Park; Milwaukee County: Brown Deer Park, Dineen Park, Estabrook Park, Franklin High School, Greenfield Park, Holler Park, Humboldt Park, Jackson Park, Juneau Park, Kosciuszko Park, McCarty Park, McGovern Park, Miller Park, Mitchell Park, Oak Creek Parkway, Saveland Park, Shoetz Park, Scout Lake, Sheridan Park, Washington Park, Wilson Park; Ozaukee County: Harrington Beach Quarry, Mequon Rotary Park East and West, Pucketts Pond, Schowalter Park, Willow Brooke Park; Racine County: Gorney Park, Johnson Park, Lockwood Park, Pritchard Park, Quarry Lake, Reservoir Park; Sheboygan County: Sheboygan Quarry, Memorial Park, River Park Lagoon; Walworth County: Ceylon Lagoon, Congdon Park, Millpond Park Pond; Washington County: Boot Lake, Hartford Millpond, Homestead Hollow Park, Kewaskum Millpond, Sandy Knoll Park, Wells Lake; Waukesha County: Calhoun Park, Heyer Park North and South, Lepper Dam Millpond, Lions Park-Overland, Menomonee Park, Minooka Park, Muskego Park, Nixon Park, Regal Park, and Woodfield North and South

Current fish stocking and regulation information is available from February 15th through November 15th on the 24-hour Urban Waters Fishing Hotline at 414/263-8494 in the Milwaukee Metro Area or toll free at 1-888-FISH-LNE (1-888-347-4563).

Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia

Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia, or VHS, is a serious fish disease that was found in Wisconsin in 2007. VHS is not a threat to human health, but it can affect a variety of Wisconsin fishes and cause large fish kills. All water users should never move water or live fish away from a body of water. To find out more about VHS and the current rules to minimize the spread of this deadly fish disease, visit dnr.wi.gov/fish/vhs

Warden Authority

Conservation wardens performing their duties may enter private land at any time. Wardens may also seize as evidence all fish taken or possessed in violation of the law, and any equipment used in connection with a violation. Wardens do not have the authority to enforce trespass laws.

Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia virus (VHSv)



- Deadly fish disease
- NOT A HUMAN HEALTH **CONCERN**
- Can kill musky, walleye, bluegill, and trout
- Transmitted by fish to fish contact and by moving infected fish
- Fish appear more vulnerable in spring

VHS Rules ban moving live fish, water

New statewide emergency regulations for boaters and anglers went into effect in November 2007 to prevent them from accidentally spreading VHS to new lakes or rivers. At the time this pamphlet was published, anglers were required to follow the statewide rules. These rules may have been revised since this pamphlet was printed. Consult dnr.wi.gov/fish/vhs for the most current regulations and information on the VHS virus in Wisconsin.

Under the existing statewide rules you:



May not leave the bank or shore of any water with any live fish or live fish eggs, including leftover bait fish. There are limited exceptions with written authorization such as under a commercial wild bait harvest permit. Note: A fish out of water is not considered a live fish.



Must drain all water from bilges, ballast, live wells, bait buckets and other containers before you leave the bank or shore of any water.



May not use or possess live fish or live fish eggs as bait if bought outside Wisconsin. Exceptions: if bait will be used on the Mississippi River "between the tracks", in the waters of Lake St. Croix, the St. Croix River, and the St. Louis River, and if the bait was imported in compliance with state import rules.



May not use dead fish, fish eggs, or fish parts for bait. Exceptions: if you are fishing in the same water where the bait was collected; if it was preserved by a method that does not require refrigeration or freezing, or if you are fishing in Lake Michigan or Green Bay or there connected waters upstream to the first dam or other obstruction impassible to fish.



May not transport by land into Wisconsin any water in boats, boat trailers, boating equipment or fishing equipment, including water in any bilge, ballast tank, bait container or live well.

Special Regulations—Listed by County

Remember: These regulations apply in addition to the statewide general regulations! Trout regulations are covered in a separate booklet. New regulation changes for 2008-2009 are italicized. α identifies a quality fishing opportunity.

Great Lakes, Tributaries, and Boundary Waters—see pages 58-69.

ADAMS

- Mason Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.

ASHLAND

Ashland County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Tributaries to Lake Superior have different regulations for walleye, sauger, and northern pike (see page 68).

- Clam Lake (Upper): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- **ADAY Lake:** After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1. The minimum length limit on musk ellunge is 28".
- English Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Flambeau River (North Fork and tributaries up to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Gordon Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- **☆ Kakagon River and Slough:** Motor trolling is permitted. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 22" and the daily bag limit is 1. The daily bag limit on walleye and sauger is 5, the minimum length limit is 15", but only 1 may be over 20".
- Lake Superior: See the Lake Superior regulations on page 68.
- ☆ Lake Three: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- Little Clam Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and small-mouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆Mineral Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- Potter Lake: The minimum length for muskellunge is 28".

- **Spider/Moquah Chain:** The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. The minimum length on muskellunge is 28".
- ☆ Spillerburg Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 28".
- Zielke Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.

BARRON

Barron County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Motor trolling is permitted county-wide. The county-wide minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".

- Bass Lake (T33N R10W S34): The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- Chetek Chain of Lakes (Prairie, Chetek, Pokegama, Mud, and Ten Mile Lakes): The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- Chetek River (below the Chetek Dam). There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5.
- ☆ Hemlock Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of
 3.
- Horseshoe Lake (T34N R14W): The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- Loon Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- ☆ Red Cedar Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- Staples Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit
 is 2.

BAYFIELD

Bayfield County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Motor trolling is permitted county-wide. Tributaries to Lake Superior have special regulations for walleye, sauger, and northern pike. See the Lake Superior regulations on page 68.

- Bladder Lake: The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- ☆ Bony Lake: The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total. There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Cable Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ Crooked Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☼ Diamond Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" and the daily bag limit is 1. There is a 15-inch minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 20" to 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed. The daily bag limit on walleye is 3.
- ☆ Eau Claire Lake, Middle: The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total. There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- → = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- ☆ Eau Claire Lake, Upper: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- **Inch Lake:** *Artificial lures only. Fish may not be harvested (catch and release only).*
- Jackson Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Lund Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- Muskellunge Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- ☆ Namekagon Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".
- ☆ Pigeon Lake: After June 20, largemouth and smallmouth bass between 14" and 18" may not be kept and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The daily bag limit is 3 in total.
- ☆ Pike Lake Chain (includes Buskey Bay, Millicent, Hart, Twin Bear, Eagle, Flynn, and McCarry): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Sand Bar Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- Sawdust Lake: The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- Tomahawk Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- Lake Superior: See the Lake Superior regulations on page 68.
- ☆ Wiley Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.

BROWN

The daily bag limit on catfish is 25, county-wide.

- Fox River: Upstream to the De Pere Dam is considered part of Lake Michigan. See the Lake Michigan regulations on page 66. From the dam at De Pere upstream is considered inland water.

 Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50". The open season on muskellunge is May 24 to November 30. There is no minimum length limit on walleye from the De Pere Dam upstream to the Neenah-Menasha Dam.
- Green Bay: See the Lake Michigan regulations on page 66.
- Tributary Streams to Green Bay: See the tributary streams regulations on page 63.

BUFFALO

- Chippewa River upstream from the Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy Railroad Bridge (includes tributaries of the river from their mouths up to the first road or railroad bridge) → There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5. Motor trolling is permitted.
- **Mississippi River:** Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters: See page 60 for those regulations.

BURNETT

Burnett County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Motor trolling is permitted county-wide. The county-wide minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".

- Big McKenzie Lake: There is no minimum length limit on bass.
- **Dunham Lake:** The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.

- Johnson Lake (S23, T40N, R16W): There is no minimum length limit on largemouth or smallmouth bass.
- Middle McKenzie Lake: There is no minimum length limit on bass.
- St. Croix River (including flowages): Where the St.Croix River forms the boundary between Wisconsin and Minnesota, boundary water regulations apply. See those regulations on page 60.
- Webb Lake: Southern Bass Management Zone regulations apply. (See page 8).

CALUMET

The county-wide daily bag limit on catfish is 25, of which only two may be flathead catfish.

• Lake Winnebago: Motor trolling is permitted. Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".

CHIPPEWA

Chippewa County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- Chain Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- ☆ Chippewa River, Cornell Flowage, Old Abe Lake, Lake Wissota, and Chippewa Falls Flowage (includes tributaries of the river from their mouths upstream to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. Motor trolling is permitted, but only up to the first roadbridge or railroad bridge on all tributary streams.
- Dark Lake (T32N,R8W): The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1. There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- ☆ Holcombe Flowage (includes tributaries of the flowage from their mouths upstream to the first dam or lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40" on the flowage and the Chippewa River, the Jump River, and to State Hwy 194 on Main Creek. Motor trolling is permitted in the flowage including tributaries up to the first road or railroad bridge.
- ☆ Jump River (includes tributaries from their mouths upstream to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Long Lake (T32N,R8W) including Herde Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.

^{→ =} Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.

[☆] identifies quality fishing opportunity

 Yellow River downstream from the Svetlik Dam at Cadott (includes tributaries from their mouths upstream to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.

CLARK

Clark County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- ☆ Lake Arbutus (including Black River up to STH 95; East Fork of Black River to E Fork Road and Arnold Creek upstream to Bachelors Ave.): Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- ☆ Black River (including East Fork): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ **Mead Lake:** The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Rock Dam Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".

COLUMBIA

- Baraboo River: 🕶
- ☆ Columbia Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The daily bag limit on catfish is 10. The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1. The minimum length limit on hybrid striped bass, white bass, and yellow bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 3 in total.
- Crawfish River (including impoundments and sloughs): •
- Fox River (downstream from the west highway crossing of state highway 33 at Portage): ·
- ☆ Lazy Lake: The minimum length limit on bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Long Lake: ❖
- ☆ Park Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Silver Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ **Spring Lake:** The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Swan Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ★ Wisconsin River (including Lake Wisconsin, all impoundments and sloughs):

 Motor trolling is permitted. The open season includes tributaries upstream to the first highway bridge. The daily bag limit on catfish is 10. The season for catfish is open all year except from the Prairie du Sac Dam downstream to the railroad bridge at Sauk City where the open season is May 3 through November 30. From the Wisconsin Dells Dam upstream, the minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" and the daily bag limit is 1. Upstream from the Prairie du Sac Dam, the minimum length limit on walleye and sauger is 15", but fish from 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed. Below the Prairie du Sac Dam, the minimum length limit on walleye is 18"and on sauger or hybrids is 15" with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.

CRAWFORD

- **Mississippi River:** Is part of the Wisconsin-Iowa boundary waters. See regulations on page 62.
- Wisconsin River: → Motor trolling is permitted. The open season includes tributaries upstream to the first highway bridge. The daily bag limit on catfish is 10. The minimum length limit on walleye and sauger or hybrids is 18" and 15", respectively, and the daily bag limit is 3 in total.

DANE

Motor trolling is permitted county-wide.

- Busseyville (Koshkonong) Creek downstream from Co. Hwy. B: •
- ☆ Fish Lake: The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Lake Koshkonong: ◆
- ☆ Lake Monona (including Starkweather Creek): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45".
- ☆ Mud Lake (NW corner of Dane Co., west of Fish Lake; S3&4,T9N,R7E): The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- ☆ Lake Waubesa (including Nine Springs Creek, Swan Creek, and Upper Mud Lake): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45".
- ☆ Lake Wingra (including Wingra Creek): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45".
- Wisconsin River: → The open season includes tributaries upstream to the first highway bridge. The season for catfish is open all year except from the Prairie du Sac Dam downstream to the railroad bridge at Sauk City, where the open season for catfish is May 3 through November 30. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18"and on sauger or hybrids is 15" with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.
- ☆ Yahara River (from Tenney Locks downstream to Babcock Dam): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45".

DODGE

- Beaver Dam Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3 (including Beaver Creek and all tributaries).
- Beaver Dam River (downstream from the dam in the city of Beaver Dam):
- Crawfish River:
- ☆ Fox Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. The minimum length limit on bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Lake Sinissippi: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Lost Lake: ↔
- **Mill Creek:** *The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.*
- Rock River (designated shore fishing locations only within the Horicon National Wildlife Refuge): <
- Rubicon River: •
- Wildcat Creek: •

DOOR

- Clark Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- **Kangaroo Lake:** Motor trolling is permitted. *The minimum length limit on walleye is* 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- Lake Michigan, Green Bay and Sturgeon Bay—See the Lake Michigan regulations on page 66.
- Tributaries to Lake Michigan and Green Bay: See the tributary regulations on p. 63.

DOUGLAS

Douglas County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Motor trolling is permitted county-wide. Tributaries to Lake Superior have special regulations for walleye, sauger, and northern pike. See the Lake Superior regulations on page 68.

- ☆ Allouez Bay: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- ☆ Bond Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- Beauregard Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Eau Claire Lake, Lower: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Kimballs Bay: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- Lake Superior (excluding Allouez Bay, Little Pokegema Bay, Pokegema Bay, and Kimballs Bay): See the Lake Superior regulations on page 68.
- ☆ Little Pokegema Bay: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- Lyman Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Minnesuing Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- ☆ Nemadji River: The muskellunge season is open from May 24 through March 1, and there is a minimum length limit of 40". The northern pike season is from May 10 through March 1, and there is a daily bag limit of 2. Walleye and sauger season is open May 10 through March 1 with a daily bag limit of 2.
- ☆ Pokegema Bay: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- St. Louis Bay: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- St. Louis River: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- Superior Bay: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.

DUNN

Dunn County is partially in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- Dunnville Bottoms: ←
- Eau Galle River (downstream from L. Eau Galle): •
- Lake Menomin: Motor trolling is permitted. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total
- Red Cedar River (from the Chippewa River to Lake Menomin): From Lake Menomin to the Cedar Falls Dam, the daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.

• Tainter Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.

EAU CLAIRE

Eau Claire County is partially in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- Altoona Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- Chippewa River upstream of the Dells Pond Dam, including Dells Pond (includes tributaries from their mouths upstream to the first road or railroad bridge: Motor trolling is permitted, but only up to the first roadbridge or railroad bridge on all tributary streams. There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Chippewa River downstream of the Dells Pond Dam (includes all tributaries of the river from their mouths upstream to the first road or railroad bridge):

 Motor trolling is permitted, but only up to the first roadbridge or railroad bridge on all tributary streams. The minimum length limit on walleye and sauger is 15".
- Eau Claire Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Eau Claire River (from the Altoona Dam downstream): •

FLORENCE

Florence County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- Brule River (and its flowages): Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on either page 58 or consult the 2008–2009 Trout Fishing Regulations and Guide.
- Halsey Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- ★ **Keyes Lake:** The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- Menominee River (and its flowages): Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- Patten Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.

FOND DU LAC

The county-wide daily bag limit on catfish is 25, of which only two may be flathead catfish.

- Fond du Lac River (within the Fond du Lac city limits): Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50"*.
- Forest Lake: Catch and release only for largemouth bass, smallmouth bass, walleye, and northern pike.
- Kettle Moraine Lake: There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5.
- Long Lake: There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5.
- Mullet Lake: → There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- Rock River: •
- Lake Winnebago: Motor trolling is permitted. There is no minimum length limit on
 walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. Hook and line fishing is open all year
 for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish
 and threatened or endangered fish. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".

FOREST

Forest County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- Brule River: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on either page 58 or consult the 2008–2009 Trout Fishing Regulations and Guide.
- ☆ Butternut Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- ☆ Crane Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ Franklin Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- ☆ Julia Lake (S12, T38N, R11E): There is no minimum length limit on walleye. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Kentuck Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Lake Lucerne: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- Lake Metonga: Motor trolling is permitted.
- ☆ Luna Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ McKinley Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and small-mouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ Pickerel Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- Pine Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- ☆ Riley Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- **☆ Roberts Lake:** The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Stevens Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- **☆ Three Johns Lake:** After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ Trump Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ White Deer Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and small-mouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ Windfall Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and small mouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ Wabikon Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".

GRANT

Motor trolling is permitted county-wide.

- Mississippi River: There is a closed season for all fishing from Dam 11 at Dubuque to the railroad bridge near river mile 579.9 from December 1 through March 15. For additional Wisconsin-Iowa boundary water regulations, see page 62.
- Wisconsin River: → The open season includes tributaries upstream to the first highway bridge. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18"and on sauger or hybrids is 15" with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.

GREEN

• Pecatonica River: •

GREEN LAKE

The county-wide daily bag limit on catfish is 25, of which only two may be flathead catfish.

- ☆ Big Green Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. It is illegal to fish through the ice using minnows (dead or alive or as cut bait) in water 50 or more feet deep (measured from surface to bottom). *Prohibition on minnow use may change. Consult dnr.wi.gov/fish for current regulations. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Fox River (below the first dam upstream from Princeton): Motor trolling is permitted. Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50"*.
- Lake Maria: ➡ Motor trolling is permitted.
- ☆ Lake Puckaway: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- Puckyan River: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.

IOWA

Motor trolling is permitted county-wide.

- ☆ Blackhawk Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye, sauger, and their hybrids is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- ★ Cox Hollow Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye, sauger, and their hybrids is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- ☆ Twin Valley Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye, sauger, and their hybrids is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. The minimum length limit on muskellunge and northern pike is 40" with a daily bag limit of 1 each. Catch and release only for largemouth and smallmouth bass. There is no daily bag limit on panfish.
- Pecatonica River (East Branch-downstream from the bridge at STH 39—1/2 mile east of Hollandale): ◆ 1
- Wisconsin River: → The open season includes tributaries upstream to the first highway bridge. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18"and on sauger or hybrids is 15" with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.
- = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

IRON

Iron County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Unless posted otherwise, the minimum length limit on walleye is 15" and the daily bag limit is 3 on all waters of the Lac du Flambeau reservation not listed below. Please check for notices at access points. In all other waters, unless posted, statewide walleye regulations (i.e., 15" minimum length, 5 bag) apply. Tributaries to Lake Superior have special regulations for walleye, sauger, and northern pike. See the Lake Superior regulations on page 68.

- Bear River: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- **Bearskull Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- **Boot Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Catherine Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Cedar Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Echo Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Evelyn Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- ☆ Fisher Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Flambeau River (North Fork): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Gile Flowage: After June 20, There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass, but bass from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed with a daily bag limit of 3 in total. There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ★ Grand Portage: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3
- **Island Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- Lake Six: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- Lake Superior: See the Lake Superior regulations on page 68.
- Little Oxbow Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Long Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- McDermott Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Manitowish River: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Mercer Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Montreal River (upstream to where it no longer forms the border between Wisconsin and Michigan): Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.

- Montreal River (West Branch): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Moose Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ O'Brien Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- ☆ One Man Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and small-mouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Owl Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 28".
- Oxbow Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Pine Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- Randall Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Sandy Beach Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Sherman Lake: There is a continuous open season on walleye with no minimum length or bag limit.
- **Spider Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- ☆ Springstead (Upper and Lower) Lakes: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Trude Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye. The minimum length limit for muskellunge is 40". There is a total combined bag limit of 10 for bluegill, crappie, pumpkinseed, and yellow perch. The minimum length limit on crappie is 10".
- ☆ Turtle/Flambeau Flowage: There is no minimum length limit on walleye. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 15" with a daily bag limit of 2. There is a total combined bag limit of 10 for bluegill, crappie, pumpkinseed, and yellow perch. The minimum length limit on crappie is 10".
- Turtle River (upstream of Echo Lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Wilson Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye. After June 20, largemouth bass have no minimum length limit, but largemouth bass from 12" through 16" may not be kept. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".

JACKSON

- ☆ **Arbutus Canal:** The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Black River (including east fork): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is
 40".
- → = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- ☆ Black River Flowage: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Buffalo River (including tributaries): There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5
- ☆ Morrison Creek: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ **Potter Flowage:** The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Trempealeau River (including tributaries): There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5
- Lake Wazee: The daily bag limit on bass and walleye is 2 and the daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.

JEFFERSON

- Bark River (from the dam at Hebron downstream): •
- Bean Lake: ❖
- Busseyville (Koshkonong) Creek downstream from Co. Hwy. B:
- Crawfish River:
- Goose Lake: ❖
- Hahns Lake: ►
- Mud Lake (at Koshkonong): •
- Red Cedar Lake: •
- Rock Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Rock River: •
- Scuppernong River (downstream from the dam at Palmyra):
- Waterloo Creek (downstream from the Malthouse Dam): •

JUNEAU

- Kilburn Flowage: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Lemonweir River (including all impoundments and sloughs): → The minimum length limit on walleye and sauger is 15", but fish from 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed.
- ☆ Wisconsin River (including all impoundments and sloughs): Motor trolling is permitted, except on that portion of the Castle Rock Flowage north of the Co. Hwy. G bridge. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on walleye and sauger is 15", but fish from 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed. Upstream from the Castle Rock Dam, the minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45".
- Yellow River (including all impoundments and sloughs): → The minimum length limit on walleye and sauger is 15", but fish from 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed.

KENOSHA

Certain waters in Kenosha Co. are designated as urban (or special) waters and have different regulations (see page 20).

- Elizabeth Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Fox River: ❖
- Lake Michigan: See the Lake Michigan regulations on page 66.
- Tributaries to Lake Michigan: See the tributary regulations on page 63.
- ☆ Silver Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.

☆ Vern Wolf Lake: The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.

KEWAUNEE

- Lake Michigan: See the regulations on page 66.
- Tributaries to Green Bay and Lake Michigan: See the tributary regulations on page 57.

LA CROSSE

- La Crosse River (downstream from the Lake Neshonoc dam): •
- Mississippi River: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- Neshonoc Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.

LAFAYETTE

Motor trolling is permitted county-wide.

- Pecatonica River (entire East Branch and the West Branch from the US Hwy 151 bridge downstream, and from the junction of the East and West branches downstream):
- Yellowstone River (downstream from the Yellowstone Lake Dam): •
- ☆ Yellowstone Lake (including the Yellowstone River from the lake upstream to Co. Hwy F): Catch and release only on northern pike, muskellunge, and their hybrids, and gar and bowfin. Walleye, sauger, their hybrids, and channel and flathead catfish between 15" and 18", and largemouth and smallmouth bass between 12" and 15", may be kept with a daily aggregate bag limit of 2 fish in total.

LANGLADE

Langlade County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- Enterprise Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- **Greater Bass Lake:** After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth or small-mouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- Horseshoe Lake (S17, T33N, R10E): There is no minimum length limit on largemouth or smallmouth bass.
- Little Partridge Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth or small mouth bass.
- Jessie Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- McGee Lake: Closed to all fishing in 2008-2009 because of a trout restoration project.
- Partridge Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth or smallmouth bass.
- ☆ Pickerel Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- Post Lake (Lower and Upper): Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2.
- → = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- **Rolling Stone Lake:** Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- Rose Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Sawyer Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. After June 20, largemouth and smallmouth bass have no minimum length limit but largemouth or smallmouth bass from 12" through 16" may not be kept.

LINCOLN

Lincoln County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- **☆ Bridge Lake:** The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Deer Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Muskellunge Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ **Nokomis Lake:** The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Pesabic Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Rice River Flowage: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Spirit River Flowage: Motor trolling is permitted.
- ☆ Wisconsin River (including impoundments and sloughs): Motor trolling is permitted from Co. Hwy. A downstream, excluding Lake Mohawksin. From the Merrill Hydro Dam (Lincoln County) downstream to Wausau Hydro Dam (Marathon County), the minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". Downstream from Grandfather Dam, the minimum length limit on walleye and sauger is 15", but fish from 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed.

MANITOWOC

- Lake Michigan: See the Lake Michigan regulations on page 66.
- Manitowoc River: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- Silver Lake: The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1 in total. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- Tributaries to Lake Michigan: See the tributary regulations on page 63.

MARATHON

Marathon County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- **☼ Big Bass Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass, but bass from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.
- ☆ Big Eau Pleine Reservoir (upstream to the 153 bridge): Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- Mission Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass, but bass from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.
- Pike Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2.

Hydro Dam (Lincoln County), the minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". The minimum length limit on walleye and sauger is 15", but fish from 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed.

MARINETTE

Marinette County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- Green Bay: Is part of Lake Michigan—See the regulations on page 66.
- Tributaries to Green Bay: See the tributary regulations on page 63.
- **High Falls Reservoir:** Motor trolling is permitted.
- Menominee River (and its flowages): Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- Noquebay Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Peshtigo Flowage (Peshtigo Dam to the Potato Rapids Dam): Northern Bass Zone regulations apply (see page 8). The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.

MARQUETTE

The county-wide daily bag limit on catfish is 25, of which only two may be flathead catfish.

- **Buffalo Lake:** ➡ Motor trolling is permitted.
- Fox River (downstream from Buffalo Lake): Motor trolling is permitted.
- Grand River (from the Grand River wildlife area dam downstream to the Fox River): ←
- Mason Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- White Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth bass.
- Wood Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth bass.

MENOMINEE

Menominee County is a Native American reservation. Find out about tribal policies at tribal headquarters. State laws apply to non-Native Americans fishing on the Menominee Reservation. All waters are closed to hook and line sturgeon fishing.

MILWAUKEE

Certain waters in Milwaukee County are designated as urban (or special) waters and have different regulations (see page 20).

- Lake Michigan: See the Lake Michigan regulations on page 66.
- Tributaries to Lake Michigan: See the tributary regulations on page 63.

MONROE

- East Fork Lemonweir River (upstream to the Hwy 173 bridge): → The minimum length limit on walleye is 15", but walleye 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed.
- Fort McCoy US Army Installation: A Fort McCoy fishing permit approval is required with a Wisconsin fishing license and trout stamp when fishing for trout. For more information regarding Fort McCoy fishing and Fort McCoy fishing policy and regulations please contact the Directorate of Public Works; IMWE-MCY-PWEN (Permit Sales); 2168 South 8th Avenue; Fort McCoy, WI 54656-5136, (608.388.3337) or visit the web site at http://www.mccoy.army.mil and click on Recreational Opportunities.
- → = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- Lemonweir River (including all sloughs and impoundments): The minimum length limit on walleye is 15", but fish 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed.
- South Fork Lemonweir River (upstream to the Tomah Dam): → The minimum length limit on walleye and sauger is 15", but fish 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed.

OCONTO

Oconto County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- ☆ **Archibald Lake:** The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Anderson Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- **Bear Lake:** The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- Christie Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Green Bay: Is part of Lake Michigan. See the regulations on page 66.
- John Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit
 is 2.
- **Tributaries to Green Bay:** See the tributary regulations on page 63.
- Machickanee Flowage (Stiles Pond): Motor trolling is permitted.
- Munger Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- White Potato Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.

ONEIDA

Oneida County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- Alva Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☼ Bearskin Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- ☆ **Bridge Lake:** The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☼ Buckskin Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Buffalo Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Clear Lake (S16, T39N, R7E): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".
- Columbus Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- ☆ Crescent Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Diamond Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- George Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Hasbrook Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Katherine Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".

- ☆ Julia Lake (S12, T38N, R11E): There is no minimum length limit on walleye. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Little Bass Lake (S15, T39N, R7E): Only artificial flies and lures may be used.
- Lost Lake (S24, T38N, R9E): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only
 one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Maple Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" and the daily bag limit is 3.
- Mercer Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Moen Chain (and connecting waters, includes Moen, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth Lakes): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Muskellunge Lake (S03, T38N, R8E): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Nokomis Lake (upstream to Prairie Rapids Road): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☼ Oneida Lake: After June 20, there is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass, but bass between 14" and 18" may not be kept and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The daily bag limit is 3. There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Pelican Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".
- Pine Lake (S04, T37N, R9E): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only
 one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Rainbow Flowage: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Rice River Flowage: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Sevenmile Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Shishebogama Lake: Unless posted otherwise, the minimum length limit on walleye is 18" and the daily bag limit is 3. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Soo Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Squash Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Squaw Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Squirrel Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Stella Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Sugar Camp Chain (and connecting waters, includes Dam, Sand, Echo, Chain, Stone Lakes): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Sugar Camp Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- Three Lakes Chain and connecting waters (includes Big, Big Fork, Big Stone, Crystal, Deer, Dog, Fourmile, Island, Laurel, Little Fork, Long, Medicine, Moccasin, Planting Ground, Rangeline, Round, Spirit, Townline, Virgin (S11,T38N, R11E), and Whitefish Lakes): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but fish from 14" through 18" may not be kept. There is a daily bag limit of 3 walleye with only one fish over 18" allowed.
- ☆ Thunder Lake (T38N, R10E): Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- ☆ Two Sisters Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Willow Flowage: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Wisconsin River downstream from the Rhinelander Paper Company Dam in Rhinelander (including all impoundments and sloughs): ←

OUTAGAMIE

The county-wide daily bag limit on catfish is 25, of which only two may be flathead catfish.

- Embarrass River: Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".
- Fox River: → Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50". The open season on muskellunge is May 24 to November 30. There is no minimum length limit on walleye or sauger from the De Pere Dam upstream to the Neenah-Menasha Dam.
- **Shioc River:** Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested× The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50"*.
- Wolf River:Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".

OZAUKEE

Certain waters in Ozaukee County are designated as urban (or special) waters and have different regulations (see page 20).

- Lake Michigan: See the Lake Michigan regulations on page 66.
- Tributaries to Lake Michigan: See the tributary regulations on page 63.

PEPIN

- Chippewa River upstream of the Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy railroad bridge (includes tributaries upstream to the first road or railroad bridge). ➡ There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5. Motor trolling is permitted.
- Eau Galle River: ←
- Lake Pepin: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.

- **Mississippi River:** Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- **Thompson Lake:** The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.

PIERCE

- Lake George (Spring Valley Reservoir): The daily bag limit on panfish is 25 in total.
- Mississippi River (Including Lake Pepin): From its confluence with the St. Croix River downstream, is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- St. Croix River: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.

POLK

Polk County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Motor trolling is permitted county-wide. The county-wide minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".

- **Balsam Lake:** The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2. There is no minimum length limit on largemouth or smallmouth bass, but only 1 fish less than 14" is allowed.
- **Big Butternut Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on largemouth or smallmouth bass.
- **Big Round Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on largemouth or smallmouth bass, but only 1 fish less than 14" is allowed.
- Cedar Lake: The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total. There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, only one fish over 18" is allowed, and the daily bag limit is 3.
- Horseshoe Lake (T34N R15W): The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- ☆ Largon Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- Long Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- Loveless Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- Pipe Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass, but bass from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.
- St. Croix River: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- Ward Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth or smallmouth bass.

PORTAGE

County-wide (except the Wisconsin River including all impoundments and sloughs, and Little Eau Pleine Flowage) length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2.

- Bass Lake:

 ✓
- → = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- **Jacqueline Lake:** The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Little Eau Pleine Flowage: Motor trolling is permitted east of Co. Hwy. O. There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5.
- Mill Creek: ❖
- Pleasant Lake: •
- ☆ Wisconsin River (including all impoundments and sloughs): → Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on walleye and sauger is 15", but fish from 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed. There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5 on Lake DuBay. Downstream from the Lake DuBay Dam, the minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45"; the minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1. From the Stevens Point Flowage Dam to the AlTech Park spillway, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.

PRICE

Price County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- ☆ Bass Lake: (T38N, R2W, S18 in Flambeau River State Forest): After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1 in total.
- Bass Lake (T40N, R2W, S15—West of Park Falls): There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- **Butternut Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one walleye over 14" is allowed and the daily bag limit is 5.
- ☆ Cochram Lake: After June 20, there is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- Flambeau River (North and South Fork, including flowages and tributaries upstream to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Jump River, North Fork and South Fork (including tributaries to first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. North Fork and South Fork upstream to Big Falls: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Long Lake (Boyd's): There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Musser Flowage: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- **Newman Lake:** The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- North Spirit Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Phillips Chain (Includes Lac Sault Dore, the Elk River from Lac Sault Dore upstream to Musser Dam, Long Lake, Wilson Lake, Elk Lake, and Duroy Lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Pike Lake Chain (includes Pike, Round, Turner, and Amik Lakes): There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Pike and Round Lakes: Motor trolling is permitted.
- ☆ Sailor Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Solberg Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Spirit Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14"

- through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Thompson Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Whitcomb Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- ☆ Wilson Flowage: (This flowage is Northeast of Phillips in the Chequamegon National Forest. Don't confuse it with the Wilson Flowage west of Phillips.) The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1.

RACINE

Motor trolling is permitted county-wide. Certain waters in Racine County are designated as urban (or special) waters and have different regulations (see page 20).

- ☆ Browns Lake: The minimum length limit on largemouth bass is 16".
- ☆ Eagle Lake: The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 22" with a daily bag limit of 1. There is a minimum length limit of 8" on panfish and a daily bag limit of 10 fish in total. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 40" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Fox River (downstream from the dam at Waterford): •
- Lake Michigan: See the Lake Michigan regulations on page 66.
- Tributaries to Lake Michigan: See the tributary regulations on page 63.
- Rockland Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth bass, but bass from 12" through 16" may not be kept.
- White River (downstream from the Burlington Dam): •

RICHLAND

Motor trolling is permitted county-wide.

- ☆ Lee Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye, sauger, and their hybrids is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- Wisconsin River: → The open season includes tributaries upstream to the first highway bridge. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18"and on sauger or hybrids is 15" with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.

ROCK

- Lake Koshkonong: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Rock River: •

RUSK

Rusk County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Motor trolling is permitted county-wide.

- Chippewa River (and tributaries to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Dairyland Flowage (upstream to Big Falls Dam): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Flambeau River downstream from the Thornapple Dam (includes tributaries upstream to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- Flambeau River upstream from Thornapple Dam (including Thornapple Flowage, Ladysmith Flowage, Dairyland Flowage, Big Falls Flowage, and their tributaries) and South Fork Flambeau River (including its tributaries upstream to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- **Holcombe Flowage:** There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Jump River (and tributaries to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Main Creek: From State Hwy. 194 downstream, the minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Murphy Flowage: The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18". The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- ☆ **Potato Lake:** The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".

SAUK

- Baraboo River: ↔
- ☆ Devils Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ Lake Redstone: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☼ Wisconsin River (including Lake Wisconsin, all impoundments and sloughs):
 Motor trolling is permitted. The open season includes tributaries upstream to the first highway bridge. The season for catfish is open all year except from the Prairie du Sac Dam downstream to the railroad bridge at Sauk City where the open season is May 3 through November 30. From the Wisconsin Dells Dam upstream, the minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1. Upstream from the Prairie du Sac Dam, there is a 15" minimum length limit on walleye and sauger, but fish from 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed. Downstream of the Prairie du Sac Dam, the minimum length limit on walleye is 18"and on sauger or hybrids is 15" with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.

SAWYER

Sawyer County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- ☆ Birch Lake: The daily bag limit of panfish is 25, of which only 10 can be bluegill.
- ☆ Black Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 28".
- ☆ Black Dan Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 28" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- ☆ Big Chetac Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The daily bag limit of panfish is 25, of which only 10 can be bluegill.
- ⇒ Brunet River (from State Highway 70 bridge downstream to the Chippewa River, including Winter Flowage): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". From the Lake Loretta Dam downstream and including Lake Winter, there is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.

- Chief River, North Fork (downstream to Mud Lake): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 28".
- ☆ Chippewa Flowage: There is no minimum length limit on walleye. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45". From May 3 to November 30 the daily bag limit for panfish is 25 in total of which no more than 15 may be crappie. From December 1 through March 1, the harvest of gamefish and crappie is prohibited, but the daily bag limit for other panfish is 15 in total. Fishing is prohibited for all species after March 1.
- ☆ Chippewa River: There is no minimum length limit on walleye from the Arpin Dam upstream including the Radisson Flowage, on the East Fork of the Chippewa River to the Ashland County line including Barker, Hunter, and Blaisdell lakes, and upstream to the west boundary of S33, T42N, R5W on the West Fork of the Chippewa River including Moose Lake. From the Winter Dam downstream including all tributaries upstream to the first dam or lake, the minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45".
- Chippewa River downstream from Radisson Flowage (includes tributaries to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- ☆ Christner Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and small-mouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- ☆ Clear Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 28" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Flambeau River (North and South Fork and tributaries to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Grindstone Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50". There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- ☆ Island Lake (S2, R39N, R5W): The minimum length limit on walleye is 28" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- ☆ Lac Courte Oreilles: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".
- ☆ Moose Lake: The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Mud/Callahan lakes (T41N, R7W): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 28".
- ☆ Nelson Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total. There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass. The minimum length on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- ☆ Radisson Flowage: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45".
- Round Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- ☆ Sand Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 28" with a daily bag limit of 1. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- ☆ Sissabagama Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". There is no minimum length limit on walleye. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- ☆ Smith Lake: The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- Teal River (From the Chippewa River upstream, including Lost Land Lake, the Teal River Flowage, and Teal Lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Tiger Cat Chain (T41N, R7W): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 28".
- → = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- Whitefish Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Windigo Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- ☆ Winter Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.

SHAWANO

The county-wide daily bag limit on catfish is 25, of which only 2 may be flathead catfish.

- ☆ Cloverleaf lakes (includes Pine, Grass, and Round lakes): The minimum length limit for muskellunge is 40".
- Embarrass River (downstream from the Pella Dam): Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested ← The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. The minimum length limit on muskel-lunge is 50".
- **Pella Pond:** The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2.
- ☆ **Red Lake** (**Upper and Lower**): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Shawano Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Washington Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Wolf River (downstream from the Shawano Paper Mill dam): Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested → The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50"*.
- ☆ Wolf River Pond (Upstream of the Shawano Paper Mill Dam to the Wisconsin Power and Light (Balsam Row) Dam and the Shawano Lake outlet upstream to the Shawano County Highway HHH bridge): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".

SHEBOYGAN

Certain waters in Sheboygan County are designated as urban (or special) waters and have different regulations (see page 20).

- Crystal Lake: There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5.
- Lake Michigan: See the Lake Michigan regulations on page 66.
- Tributaries to Lake Michigan: See the tributary regulations on page 63.
- Sheboygan Marsh (including Sheboygan Lake and its tributaries upstream to the first road crossing): Motor trolling is permitted. There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5.

ST. CROIX

St. Croix County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). The county-wide minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". The county-wide daily bag limit on panfish in all inland waters is 10 in total.

• Cedar Lake: Motor trolling is permitted. There is no minimum length limit on walleye,

but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, only one fish over 18" is allowed, and the daily bag limit is 3.

- **Dry Dam Lake:** The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Lake George (Spring Valley Reservoir): The daily bag limit on panfish is 25 in total.
- St. Croix River (including Lake St. Croix): Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.

TAYLOR

Taylor County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Motor trolling is permitted county-wide.

- **Diamond Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Harper Lakes (North and South): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Jump River (and tributaries to the first dam or lake): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Sackett Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Spirit and North Spirit lakes: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.

TREMPEALEAU

- Mississippi River: Is part of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters. See those regulations on page 60.
- Buffalo River upstream of Hwy 93 bridge (including tributaries): There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5
- Trempealeau River upstream of the dam in Blair (including tributaries): There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5

VERNON

- ☆ Jersey Valley Lake: The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- **Mississippi River:** Contains both Wisconsin-Minnesota (page 60) and Wisconsin-Iowa (page 62) boundary waters. The Minnesota-Iowa state line is approximately 1.3 miles north of Victory. Please see the proper regulations for those waters.

VILAS

Vilas County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Unless posted otherwise, the minimum length limit on walleye is 15" and the daily bag limit is 3 and the minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40" on all waters of the Lac du Flambeau reservation. Please check for notices at access points.

- ☆ Allequash Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Amik Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- → = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- Anvil Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Arbor Vitae Lakes (Big and Little): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Basin Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- **Big Lake (S13, T43N, R8E):** Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- ☆ Big Lake (S4, T42N, R6E): The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. Catch and release only on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- Big Bateau Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- Big Crooked Lake (S12, T42N, R6E): There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Big Crooked Lake (S22, T41N, R5E): The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3 unless posted otherwise.
- ☼ Big Muskellunge Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- **Big Portage Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Birch Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Bittersweet Lake: The daily bag limit for largemouth and smallmouth bass is zero (catch and release only!).
- Boulder Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Buckskin Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Crab Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Crampton Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- Crystal Lake (S1, T42N, R10E): Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- Cyrus Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- Dead Pike Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Eagle Chain and connecting waters (including Catfish, Cranberry, Duck, Eagle, Lynx, Otter, Scattering Rice, Voyageur, Watersmeet, Yellow Birch): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept. There is a daily bag limit of 3 walleye with only one fish over 18" allowed.
- ☆ Ellerson Lakes (East and Middle): After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Emily Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Escanaba Lake: The season is open all year. The minimum length limit on walleye is 28" with a daily bag limit of 1.

- Fishtrap Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Forest Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- ☆ Found Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- ☆ Gunlock Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3 unless posted otherwise.
- Harris Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- High Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- **Jenny Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Kentuck Lake: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed. *The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.*
- Lac du Flambeau Chain: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3 unless posted otherwise.
- Lac Vieux Desert: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- Laura Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Little Bass Lake (S15, T40N R8E): After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Little Presque Isle Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- ☆ Little St. Germain: The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45".
- Little Trout Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3 unless posted otherwise. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Lost Canoe Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Mamie Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- Manitowish Chain (includes Alder, Clear, Fawn, Island, Little Star, Manitowish, Spider, Stone, Rest, Wild Rice Lakes, and Rice Creek upstream to County Hwy. K):
 There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Mill Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- Mystery Lake: There is a continuous open season on all species.
- Nebish Lake: There is a continuous open season on all species. There is no minimum length limit on smallmouth bass, but smallmouth bass 9" through 12" may not be kept.
- North Crab Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- → = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- Norwood Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- ☆ Oberlin Lake: The daily bag limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is zero (catch and release only!).
- Oxbow Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Pallette Lake: There is a continuous open season on all species. The minimum length limit on smallmouth bass is 22" and the daily bag limit is 1. The lake trout season is closed.
- ☆ Papoose Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- Plum Lake (S9, T43N, R8E): Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- ☆ Plum Lake (S36, T41N R7E): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Presque Isle Chain (Including Presque Isle, Averill, Van Vliet): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Prong Lake: The daily bag limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is zero (catch and release only!).
- Roach Lake (S7, T43N, R8E): Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- Rock Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Rush Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Salsich Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Sanford Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Sherman Lake: There is a continuous open season on walleye with no minimum length or daily bag limit.
- Shishebogama Lake: Unless posted otherwise, the minimum length limit on walleye is 18" and the daily bag limit is 3. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".
- ☆ Smith Lake: The daily bag limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is zero (catch and release only!).
- Smoky Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- ☆ Sparkling Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". The minimum length limit on walleye is 28" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- **Spruce Lake:** There is a continuous open season on all species. Only artificial flies and lures may be used. Largemouth bass season is open all year with a 12" minimum length limit and a daily bag limit of 2.
- Squaw Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Star Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- Stateline Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.

- **Tenderfoot Lake:** Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- ☆ Trout Lake: There is a daily bag limit of 3 walleye. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45". The daily bag limit for whitefish and cisco is 10 in total. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Turtle Lakes (North and South): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- ☆ Wabasso Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and small mouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- West Bay Lake: Is part of the Wisconsin-Michigan boundary waters. See those regulations on page 58.
- ☆ West Plum Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and small-mouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- ★ White Sand Lake—Hwy. K (T42N, R7E, S27): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but walleye from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed. After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- ☆ Whitney Lake: After June 20, the minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2.
- Wildwood Lake: Only artificial flies and lures may be used. Largemouth and small-mouth bass season closes November 15.

WALWORTH

Certain waters in Walworth County are designated as urban (or special) waters and have different regulations (see page 20). Motor trolling is permitted county-wide.

- Beulah Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass, but bass from 12" through 16" may not be kept.
- ☼ Delavan Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" and the daily bag limit is 3. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40". The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" and the daily bag limit is 1.
- ☆ Geneva Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Lulu Lake: The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total. There is no minimum length limit on largemouth or smallmouth bass, but bass from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.

WASHBURN

Washburn County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information). Motor trolling is permitted county-wide. The county-wide minimum length limit on muskellunge is 40".

- ☆ Balsam Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of
 3
- Bass (Patterson) Lake (S17, T40N, R10W): There is no minimum length limit on walleye, but only one fish over 14" is allowed.
- → = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- Bear Trap Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- **Big McKenzie Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on bass.
- Birch Lake: The daily bag limit of panfish is 25, of which only 10 can be bluegill.
- Bridge Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- Deep Lake (southeast Washburn Co., just west of County Line Lake; T38N R10W S25): There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- Fawn Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- Long Lake including Mud Lake: There is no minimum length limit on bass.
- Mallard Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- Middle McKenzie Lake: There is no minimum length limit on bass.
- Nancy Lake: There is no minimum length limit on bass.
- Otter Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- Sawmill Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass
- Shell Lake: There is no minimum length limit on walleye.
- Slim Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" and the daily bag limit is 2
- Telstar Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- Unnamed Lake (S25, T38N, R10W): There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- Unnamed Lake (S24, T38N, R10W): There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.
- Wolf Lake: There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass.

WASHINGTON

Certain waters in Washington County are designated as urban (or special) waters and have different regulations (see page 20).

- Cedar Lake, Big: Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 40" with a daily bag limit of 1.
- Cedar Lake, Little: There is no minimum length limit on northern pike and the daily bag limit is 5.
- Erler Lake: The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1 in total. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- Gilbert Lake: The minimum length limit on northern pike is 40" with a daily bag limit
 of 1.
- Lake Twelve: The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1 in total. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- Pike Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.

WAUKESHA

Motor trolling is permitted county-wide. Certain waters in Waukesha County are designated as urban (or special) waters and have different regulations (see page 20).

- ☆ Big Muskego (including Bass Bay): The minimum length limit on bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The minimum length limit on panfish is 8" with a daily bag limit of 15 fish in total.
- Eagle Spring Lake: The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total. There is no minimum length limit on largemouth or smallmouth bass, but bass from 14" through 18" may

- not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed with a daily bag limit of 3 in total.
- ☆ Lac LaBelle: The minimum length limit on walleye is 20" with a daily bag limit of 1. There is a closed season on flathead catfish. There is a total combined bag limit of 15 for bluegill, crappie, pumpkinseed, and yellow perch.
- Oconomowoc Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.

WAUPACA

The county-wide daily bag limit on catfish is 25, of which only 2 may be flathead catfish.

- **Brekke Lake:** There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass and the daily bag limit is 3, but bass from 14" through 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Campbell Lake: •
- Cincoe Lake: Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".
- **Embarrass River:** Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50"*.
- Kinney Lake: ➡
- Little Wolf River (downstream from the dam at Manawa): Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger may not be harvested → The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".
- Partridge Crop Lake: Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".
- Partridge Lake: Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50"*.
- Waupaca River (downstream from the dam at Weyauwega): Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested → The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50"*.
- = Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.
- ☆ identifies quality fishing opportunity

- White Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Wolf River: Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. The minimum length limit on northern pike is 26" with a daily bag limit of 2. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".

WAUSHARA

The county-wide daily bag limit on catfish is 25, of which only 2 may be flathead catfish.

- Bean's Lake: ↔
- Fox River: Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. Motor trolling is permitted. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is* 50".
- ☆ Hartford Lake: The minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass is 18" with a daily bag limit of 1. The daily bag limit on panfish is 10 in total.
- Lake Poygan: Motor trolling is permitted. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. Closed all year to hook and line fishing for lake sturgeon. Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".
- Pine River (downstream from the dam at Poysippi): Hook and line fishing is open
 all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout,
 paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on
 walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50".
- Pumpkinseed Creek: Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except
 muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not
 be harvested.
- ☆ Round Lake (S35, T20N, R11E): There is no minimum length limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass and the daily bag limit is 3, but bass from 14" to 18" may not be kept, and only one fish over 18" is allowed.
- Willow Creek (downstream from the dam at Auroraville): Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50"*.

WINNEBAGO

The county-wide daily bag limit on catfish is 25, of which only 2 may be flathead catfish.

• Fox River downstream of the Neenah-Menasha Dam: → Motor trolling is permitted. The open season on muskellunge is May 24 to November 30. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50". There is no minimum length limit on walleye or sauger.

- Fox River upstream of Lake Winnebago: Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. Motor trolling is permitted. The open season on muskellunge is May 24 to November 30. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50". Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested.
- Little Lake Butte des Morts: Motor trolling is permitted. There is no minimum length limit on northern pike with a daily bag limit of 5. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50". The open season on muskellunge is May 24 to November 30
- Pumpkinseed Creek: Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except
 muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not
 be harvested.
- Rush Lake: Motor trolling is permitted.
- Winnebago Pool Lakes (includes Winnebago, Butte des Morts, Winneconne, and Poygan): Motor trolling is permitted. There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50"*.
- Wolf River: There is no minimum length limit on walleye. Sauger and hybrids may not be harvested. Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, northern pike, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish. *The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 50"*.

WOOD

Wood County is in the ceded territory (see page 9 for additional ceded territory information).

- ☆ Nepco Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye, sauger, and their hybrids is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- ☆ Wisconsin River (including all impoundments and sloughs): → Motor trolling is permitted. The minimum length limit on muskellunge is 45". The minimum length limit on northern pike is 32" with a daily bag limit of 1. There is a 15" minimum length limit on walleye and sauger, but fish from 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed.
- ☆ Wauzeecha Lake: The minimum length limit on walleye, sauger, and their hybrids is 18" with a daily bag limit of 3.
- Yellow River (downstream from the Hwy 54 dam at Dexterville): ☐ There is a 15" minimum length limit on walleye and sauger, but fish from 20" through 28" may not be kept and only one fish over 28" is allowed.

^{→ =} Hook and line fishing is open all year for all fish species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, trout, paddlefish and threatened or endangered fish.

[☆] identifies quality fishing opportunity

Open Seasons, Length Limits, and Bag Limits

GENERAL INLAND WATERS

*Remember: Also check the Special Regulations–Listed by County section, the Great Lakes and Boundary Waters tables, and the Tributary Streams to Green Bay and Lake Michigan table.

FISH SPECIES-species not listed have no open season.	OPEN SEASON (all dates inclusive)	DAILY LIMIT	MINIMUM LENGTH
LARGEMOUTH BASS AND SMALLMOUTH BASS			
Northern Zone (see map on page 9)	May 3-June 20	0 (catch and release; artificial barbless hooks only)	0 (catch and release; artificial lures and barbless hooks only)
	June 21-March 1	5 in total	14 inches
Other inland waters	May 3-March 1	5 in total	14 inches
ROCK, YELLOW (STRIPED) AND WHITE BASS	open all year	none	none
PANFISH: BLUEGILL, PUMPKINSEED, SUNFISH, CRAPPIE AND YELLOW PERCH	open all year	25 in total	none
BULLHEADS AND ROUGH FISH (see definition on page 18)	open all year	none	none
CATFISH (CHANNEL, FLATHEAD)	open all year	10 in total	none
CISCO AND WHITEFISH	open all year	25 pounds plus one more fish of either species in total	none
MUSKELLUNGE (INCLUDES HYBRIDS)			
Northern Zone: Inland waters north of U.S. Hwy 10 (excluding Wis-Mich. boundary waters)	May 24-Nov 30	1	34 inches
Southern Zone: Inland waters south of U.S. Hwy 10	May 3-Nov 30	1	34 inches
NORTHERN PIKE			none
Northern Zone: Inland waters north of US Hwy 10 (excluding Wis-Mich. boundary waters)	May 3-March 1	5	none
Southern Zone: Inland waters south of US Hwy 10	May 3-March 1	2	26 inches

	PADDLEFISH (SPOONBILL CATFISH)	CLOSED all year-no fishing for paddlefish.	fishing for paddlefish.	
	RUFFE, WHITE PERCH AND GOBIES	Open all year—one may be k WDNR office—0 bag limit	Open all year-one may be killed and possessed for transport to a WDNR office—0 bag limit	ed for transport to a
	LAKE STURGEON Chippewa River: West Fork downstream from Moose Lake Dam (Sawyer Co.) and East Fork (Ashland Co.) downstream to the confluence of the Mississippi River (Pepin Co.) including sloughs, bayous, and flowages. Flambeau River: N Fork from Turtle-Flambeau Dam (Iron Co.) and S Fork (Price Co.) downstream to the confluence with the Chippewa River (Rusk Co.) including sloughs, bayous, and flowages. Butternut Lake (Price Co.) Jump River from the North and South Forks to the confluence with the Chippewa River (Rusk Co.); Yellow, Little Yellow, and Danbury Flowage chain of lakes (Burnett Co.)	Sept. 1–Oct. 15* (All Lake sturgeon taken with hook and line must be tagged and registered. See page 6 for more information).	l per season	50 inches
	Wisconsin River from the Wisconsin Dells Dam downstream	Sept. 1–Oct. 15*	1 per season	70 inches
	Other inland waters	No Open Season	0	0
	SHOVELNOSE STURGEON			
	Lower Wisconsin River from the Prairie du Sac Dam downstream	Open all year	3	none
57	All other inland waters	CLOSED all year—no	CLOSED all year—no fishing for shovelnose sturgeon	sturgeon
	WALLEYE AND SAUGER (INCLUDES HYBRIDS).			
	Walleye waters in the ceded territory (see page 9) may have lower bag limits. Check posted signs or inquire at DNR field offices.	May 3-March 1	5 in total	15 inches

TROUT AND SALMON—see the 2008–2009 Trout Regulations and Guide or the Lake Superior, Lake Michigan and Tributary Streams tables on pages 63–69.
* Season length and length limit may change. Check for latest information at fishingwisconsin.org.

WISCONSIN-MICHIGAN BOUNDARY WATERS

includes the Brule, Menominee and Montreal rivers and their sloughs and flowages; that portion of Green Bay at the mouth of the Menominee River between the "government pier" or break wall on the south and the "lighthouse pier" or breakwall on the north and a line connecting the eastern-most points of those breakwaters on the east; and Basin, Big, Big Bateau, Crampton, Crystal, Cyrus, Lac Vieux Desert, Little Presque Isle, Mamie, Mill, Norwood, Plum, Roach, Smoky, State Line, Tenderfoot and West Bay lakes.

FISHING RESTRICTIONS ON WISCONSIN-MICHIGAN BOUNDARY WATERS

- Each angler may fish with a total of three baits, lures or hooks.
- You may not take more than the daily bag limit of fish in a single day. The possession limit or maximum number of fish you may have in your possession AT ANY TIME is the SAME as the daily bag limit.
 - Goldfish, alewife and live crayfish may not be possessed or used for bait on Wisconsin-Michigan Boundary Waters.
 - Ice fishing: Angler name and address must be prominently displayed on ice fishing shelters (portable or otherwise).
 - It is illegal to fish using any method other than hook and line within 200 feet of any fishway, lock or dam.
- Motor trolling is permitted on Wisconsin-Michigan Boundary Waters except Vilas County boundary waters, where motor trolling is prohibited.
- Wisconsin residents need a Wisconsin fishing license and a Michigan resident needs a Michigan fishing license to fish these waters. Residents of other states need a nonresident license from Wisconsin or Michigan. Regulations on these waters differ between the two states. You must obey the regulation of the state in which you are fishing. Wisconsin license holders must have a valid Great Lakes Trout and Salmon stamp privilege (except with a two-day Sports Fishing License) to fish trout or salmon in the Menominee River from the Hattie Street Dam downstream to the eastern end of the breakwalls in Green Bay.

FISH SPECIES	OPEN SEASON (all	TIMI I V II V C	UTONE MIMINIM
rish shedes	dates inclusive)	DAILT LIMIT	WIIMINIONI EENGLE
LARGEMOUTH AND SMALLMOUTH BASS			
All hornedgemer enodesing	May 3-June 20	0 (catch and release)	nd release)
Ali bouildaty waters	June 21-Nov. 30	5 in total	14 inches
MUSKELLUNGE (INCLUDES HYBRIDS) Some waters may have larger minimum length limits. Look for signs and inquire locally	May 15-Nov. 30	1	40 inches
Menominee River—From the Hattie Street Dam in the city of Marinette downstream to the eastern end of the breakwalls in Green Bay	May 15-Nov. 30	1	50 inches

NORTHERN PIKE	May 3-March 1	5	none
YELLOW PERCH, WHITE BASS, YELLOW (STRIPED) BASS, CRAPPIE, BLUEGILL AND PUMPKINSEED (SUNFISH)	open all year	25 in total	none
TROUT AND SALMON			
Smoky Lake, Montreal and Menominee Rivers from their mouths upstream to the first dam	open all year	5 in total	10 inches
Brule River upstream from Hwy 2	April 26–Sept. 30	5 in total	brook trout 8 inches brown trout 12
	3		inches
Brule River downstream from Hwy 2 and other Wisconsin-Michigan Boundary Waters	April 26-Sept. 30	5 in total	7 inches
LAKE STURGEON (Lake sturgeon taken with hook and line must be tagged and registered. See page 6 for more information.)			
Upstream from the Hattie Street Dam on the Menominee River.	Sept. 1-Sept. 30	1 per season	60 inches
Downstream from the Hattie Street Dam on the Menominee River.	Sept. 1-Sept. 30	0 (catch and	0 (catch and relese only)
WALLEYE AND SAUGER (INCLUDES HYBRIDS) Some waters may have lower bag limits. Look for signs and inquire locally.			
In lakes	May 3-March 1	5 in total	15 inches
To mirround throin A correspond	March 2-May 2	1	15 inches
III IIVELS AIIU UIEIT IIOWABES	May 3-March 1	5 in total	15 inches
RUFFE	no open season—one a WDNR Service Cen	no open season—one may be killed and possessed for transport to a WDNR Service Center or Regional Office.	essed for transport to
САТFISH	open all year	10	none
ALL OTHER SPECIES	open all year	none	none

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the Wisconsin side of the river and the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, and Pacific railroad tracks on the Minnesota side of the river, including Lake Pepin and Lake St. Croix; the St. Croix River from the Burlington Northern railroad bridge at Prescott north to the point where the river is no longer a boundary between Wisconsin and Minnesota; and the St. Louis River, including St. Louis Bay, Superior Bay, Allouez Bay, Kimballs Bay, Little Pokegama Bay, and Applies to the stretch of the Mississippi River shared by Wisconsin and Minnesota lying between the Burlington Northern and Santa Fe railroad tracks on Pokegama Bay.

FISHING RESTRICTIONS ON WISCONSIN-MINNESOTA BOUNDARY WATERS

- Goldfish and alewife may not be possessed or used for bait. Live crayfish may be used for bait on the Mississippi River ONLY—not on other Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters.
- It is illegal to fish using any method other than hook and line within 200 feet of any fishway, lock or dam on the Mississippi River and within 200 feet of
 - these structures on any other water. Motor trolling is permitted on Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters.
- Wisconsin residents need a Wisconsin fishing license and Minnesota residents need a Minnesota license to fish in these boundary waters. Residents of other states need a nonresident license from Wisconsin or Minnesota. Regulations on these waters may differ between states. You must obey the regulations of the state in which you are fishing.
- Fishing is prohibited within 300 feet below the Red Wing Dam and Alma Dam from March 1 through April 30 and within 300 feet below the Onalaska Dam from March 15 through April 25.
- Ice fishing: Angler name and address must be prominently displayed on ice fishing shelters (portable or otherwise) in the WI/MN boundary waters.

FISH SPECIES	OPEN SEASON	F 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	HONDINIM
Species not listed are governed by inland regulations (pages 56-57)	(all dates inclusive)	DAILT LIMII	
LARGEMOUTH AND SMALLMOUTH BASS			
St. Louis R. and the St. Croix R. downstream of the St. Croix Falls Dam	May 24-March 1	5 in total	14 inches
St. Croix R. upstream of the St. Croix Falls Dam	May 24–Sept. 7 Sept. 8–March 1	5 in total; 0 (catch & release only)	14 inches
Mississippi R.	open all year	5 in total	14 inches
CATFISH (CHANNEL and FLATHEAD)			
St. Louis R. and the St. Croix R. downstream to Hwy. 10 at Prescott	open all year	10 in total	none
Mississippi R.	open all year	25 in total	none

MUSKELLUNGE (INCLUDES HYBRIDS)			
St. Croix R. and Mississippi R. below Prescott	May 24-March 1	1	40 inches
St. Louis River,	May 24-March 1	1	50 inches
NORTHERN PIKE			
St. Croix R. downstream to Hwy 10 at Prescott	May 3-March 1	5	none
Mississippi R.	open all year		
St. Louis R.	May 10-March 1	2	none
YELLOW PERCH, ROCK BASS, CRAPPIE	open all year	25 of each	none
BLUEGILL, AND PUMPKINSEED (SUNFISH)	open all year	25 in total	none
WHITE BASS AND YELLOW BASS	open all year	25 in total	none
LAKE STURGEON (Lake sturgeon taken with hook and line must be tagged and registered. See page 6 for more information.)			
Mississippi R., St. Louis R., and St. Croix R. upstream from the St. Croix Falls Dam	closed all year		
St. Croix R. downstream from the St. Croix Falls Dam	Sept. 1–October 15*	1 per season	50 inches*
SHOVELNOSE STURGEON			
All Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters above the Red Wing Dam on the Mississippi River, St. Louis River, and St. Croix River.	closed all year		
All Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary waters below the Red Wing Damon the Mississippi R.	open all year	10	none
WALLEYE AND SAUGER (INCLUDES HYBRIDS)			
St. Croix R. downstream to Hwy. 10 at Prescott	May 3-March 1	6 in total	none for sauger;
St. Louis R.	May 10-March 1	2 in total	15 inches for
Mississippi R.	open all year	6 in total	walleye
RUFFE, WHITE PERCH, AND GOBIES	No open season—one to a WDNR Service C	No open season—one may be killed and possessed for transport to a WDNR Service Center or Regional Office.	sessed for transport ce.

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TROUT AND SALMON—see 2008–2009 Trout Regulations and Guide
* Season length and length limit may change. Check for latest informational fishingwisconsin.org.

BOUNDARY WATERS (MISSISSIPPI RIVER) WISCONSIN-IOWA

Chicago, Milwaukee, and St. Paul railroad tracks on the lowa side of the river and the Burlington Northern and Sante Fe railroad tracks lying on Any person holding a hook and line license issued by either lowa or Wisconsin may fish in waters of the Mississippi River lying between the the Wisconsin side of the river including all sloughs, bay, and backwaters

FISHING RESTRICTIONS ON WISCONSIN-IOWA BOUNDARY WATERS

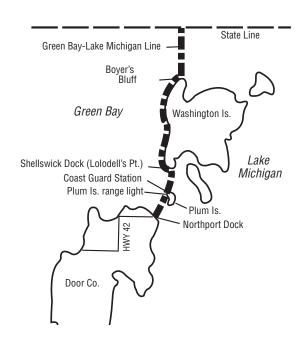
- Goldfish and alewife may not be possessed or used for bait in the Mississippi River. Live crayfish are legal to use.
- It is illegal to fish using any method other than hook and line within 200 feet of any fishway, lock or dam on the Mississippi River.
- Motor trolling is permitted on the Mississippi River.
- There is a closed season for all fishing from Dam 11 at Dubuque to the railroad bridge near river mile 579.9 from December 1 through March 15.
- resident license from Wisconsin or Iowa. Regulations on these waters may differ between states. You must obey the regulations of the state in which you are Wisconsin residents need a Wisconsin fishing license and Iowa residents need an Iowa license to fish in these boundary waters. Residents of other states need a non-Ice fishing: Angler name and address must be prominently displayed on ice fishing shelters (portable or otherwise). fishing.

FISH SPECIES Species not listed governed by inland regulations (pages 56–57)	OPEN SEASON	DAILY LIMIT	MINIMUM LENGTH
LARGEMOUTH AND SMALLMOUTH BASS	open all year	5 in total	14 inches
CATFISH (CHANNEL and FLATHEAD)	open all year	none	none
NORTHERN PIKE	open all year	5	euou
YELLOW PERCH, ROCK BASS, CRAPPIE	open all year	25 of each	none
BLUEGILL, AND PUMPKINSEED (SUNFISH)	open all year	25 in total	euou
WHITE BASS AND YELLOW BASS	open all year	25 in total	euou
LAKE STURGEON	closed all year-there	closed all year—there is no fishing for lake sturgeon	turgeon
SHOVELNOSE STURGEON	open all year	none	none
WALLEYE AND SAUGER (INCLUDES HYBRIDS)	open all year	6 in total	none for sauger; 15 inches for walleye Pool 12 only: 20"–27" no harvest only 1 fish over 27" may be kept

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MAJOR TRIBUTARY STREAMS TO GREEN BAY & LAKE MICHIGAN

Major tributary streams to Green Bay and Lake Michigan are defined as the Little River from its confluence with the Oconto River upstream to the Highway 141 bridge, the Kewaunee River and its tributaries (except Little Scarboro Creek, Scarboro Creek, Roger Creek, and Casco Creek), the Milwaukee River upstream to the Hwy 60 Grafton dam in the village of Grafton, and tributaries of the Milwaukee River upstream to the first dam or lake, the Menomonee River from its confluence with the Milwaukee River upstream to the Lepper Dam in the village of Menomonee Falls and tributaries of the Menomonee River upstream to the first dam or lake, the Pike River and its tributaries, streams flowing into the Fox River downstream of the DePere Dam, and all other streams and ditches upstream from their mouths to the first dam or lake. (The Menominee River, Wisconsin/Michigan boundary waters, see page 58, and the Fox River upstream to the DePere Dam, Lake Michigan, see page 66, are not considered tributary streams.)



"Green Bay" means those waters of Lake Michigan located to the west of the Green Bay-Lake Michigan Line. That line runs from Northport Dock northeasterly to Plum Is. range light to the Plum Is. Coast Guard Station to Shellswick Dock (Lodell's PT.) on Washington Is. along the west shore of Washington Is. to Boyer's Bluff light then north to the State line.

"Green Bay" includes Green Bay, Sturgeon Bay, Sawyer Harbor, and the Sturgeon Bay Ship Canal located north and west of the center of the WPS power lines, and the Fox River from its mouth up to the dam at DePere.

Fishing Restrictions on Tributary streams to Green Bay & Lake Michigan

- Alewife may be used as bait in tributaries, rivers, and ditches upstream to the first dam or lake. Live crayfish may not be possessed while fishing on the tributaries.
 Motor trolling is not permitted on the tributaries except in Racine County.
 No hook and line fishing at night—From September 15 to the first Saturday of the following May, hook and line fishing is prohibited from one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise in the tributaries. This restriction DOES NOT apply to the Oconto River and its tributaries (except the Little River dowstream from Highway 141) and the Peshtigo River, from the most downstream railroad bridge at the NE 1/4 of the NE 1/4 section 30, township 30 north, range 23 east, (Peshtigo City Garage) downstream to the mouth.
 Hook size restriction—From September 15 to the first Saturday of the following May, you may not use hooks that have a gape size larger than one-half inch from point to shank in tributaries.
 - - Fighing Prohibition—From September 15 to December 31, fishing by any method is prohibited from one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise on all tributaries and ditches including the Peshtigo River upstream from the first railroad bridge to the first dam and the LIttle River downstream from Highway 141.

 You must have a fishing license and a valid Great Lakes Trout and Salmon stamp privilege or a two-day Sports Fishing License to fish for trout and salmon in the tributaries (up to the first dam or lake).

- All other statewide general fishing restrictions apply (see pages 6–9).
 Smelt and suckers: See the 2008–2009 Wisconsin Spearing and Netting Regulations for regulations on dipnetting smelt and suckers in the tributaries.

 Special open season for Major Green Bay tributaries—the following stream sections are open year round for all species except muskellunge, lake sturgeon, lake trout, largemouth and smallmouth bass, and yellow perch, (however, tributaries to these stream sections are not open all year): Duck Creek (Brown Co.), from the first dam above the Pamperin Park io foothridge (Village of Howard) downstream to Green Bay; East River (Brown Co.), from the CTH "TK" bridge (Velp Ave.) downstream to Green Bay; East River (Brown Co.), from the CTH "TX" bridge downstream to Green Bay; Pensaukee River (Oconto Co.), from the CTH "T' bridge downstream to Green Bay; Densaukee River (Oconto Co.), from the Highway 141 bridge downstream to Green Bay; and Peshtigo River (Marinette Co.), from the Rader Road bridge downstream to Green Bay; and Peshtigo River (Marinette Co.), from the Peshtigo dem downstream to Green Bay; and Peshtigo River (Marinette Co.), from the Peshtigo dem downstream to Green Bay; and Peshtigo River (Marinette Co.), from the Peshtigo dem downstream to Green Bay; and Peshtigo River (Marinette Co.), from the Peshtigo dem downstream to Green Bay; and Peshtigo River (Marinette Co.), from the Peshtigo dem downstream to Green Bay; and Peshtigo River (Marinette Co.), from the Peshtigo to the above streams, from their mouth up to the first dam or lake from March 2, 2008–May 2, 2008).

S. Constant	Open Season	i viio	Miss
	(all dates inclusive)	Dally FIIIII	MIII. Lengui
Fish Species Not Listed Below			
Tributaries to Green Bay	May 3-March 1*	none	none
Tributaries to Lake Michigan	open all year	none	none
Largemouth and Smallmouth Bass			
Tributaries to Green Bay	May 3-March 1	5 in total	14 inches
Tributaries to Lake Michigan north of Hwy. 29 (Door & Kewaunee Co.)	May 3-June 20	Catch & Release only	
	June 21-March 1	5 in total	14 inches
Tributaries to Lake Michigan south of Hwy. 29	May 3-March 1	5 in total	14 inches
Walleye and Sauger (Includes Hybrids)			
Major Green Bay tributaries and tributaries to Lake Michigan north of Waldo Blvd, Manitowoc	May 3-March 1	5 in total	15 inches
Major Green Bay tributaries and tributaries to Lake Michigan north of Waldo Blvd, Manitowoc	March 2-May 2	1	15 inches
All other tributaries and ditches to Green Bay upstream to first dam/lake	May 3-March 1	3 in total	none
Tributaries to Lake Michigan south of Waldo Blvd, Manitowoc	open all year	5 in total	15 inches

Tributaries north of Hwy. 10 (located in the counties of Marinette, Oconto, Brown, Door, Kewaunee and Manitowoc)	e May 24–Nov. 30	-	50 inches
Tributaries south of Hwy. 10 (located in the counties of Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Milwaukee, Racine and Kenosha)	May 3-Nov. 30	1	34 inche
Bluegill, Pumpkinseed, Sunfish, Yellow Perch, & Crappie			
Tributaries to Lake Michigan	open all year except yellow perch which is open June 21–April 30	25 in total but only 5 may be yellow perch	none
Tributaries to Green Bay	May 3–March 1* except yellow perch which is open May 20–March 15	25 in total but only 15 may be yellow perch	none
Northern Pike			
Tributaries to Green Bay, Tributaries to Lake Michigan North of US Hwy. 10 (except Kewaunee, East and West Twin, and Ahnapee rivers up to the first dam)	May 3-March 1*	v	none
Kewaunee, East and West Twin, and Ahnapee rivers up to the first dam	open all year	5	none
South of US Hwy. 10 (including the Manitowoc River)	open all year	2	26 inches
Lake Sturgeon	No open season		
Ruffe and Gobies	No open season—one WDNR office	No open season—one may be killed and possessed for transport to a WDNR office	ed for transport to
White Perch			
Tributaries to Lake Michigan	open all year		
Tributaries to Green Bay	May 3-March 1*	none	none
Catfish (see page 22 for Brown County)			
Tributaries to Lake Michigan	open all year	10	none
Tributaries to Green Bay	May 3-March 1*	10	none
Lake Trout (Major Green Bay tributaries, Lake Michigan tributaries)	Mar 1–0ct. 31	2	10 inches
All other tributaries to Green Bay	May 3-March 1	2	10 inches
Other Trout And Salmon			
Tributaries to Lake Michigan and major Green Bay tributaries	open all year	5 in total; only 2 may	
Tributaries to Green Bay	May 3-March 1*	be lake trout	10 inches

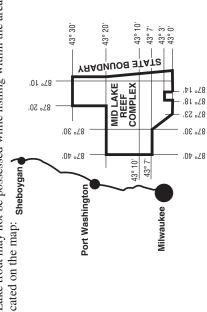
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* Except see "Special open season for major Green Bay tributaries" on page 64

Includes the Bay of Green Bay, the Fox River upstream to the DePere dam, Sturgeon Bay, other bays to Lake Michigan and Green Bay. See pages 63-65 for regulations for the tributary streams to Green Bay and Lake Michigan.

Fishing Restrictions on Lake Michigan Waters

· Lake trout may not be possessed while fishing within the area indi-



- Goldfish may not be possessed or used for bait. Alewife and live
- crayfish may be used for bait on Lake Michigan.

 All ice fishing shelters must be removed daily and when not in use after the first Sunday following March 12 on Green Bay and Lake Michigan.

 - Motor trolling is permitted on Lake Michigan. You must have a fishing license and a Great Lakes trout and salmon stamp privilege or a valid two-day Sports Fishing License to fish for trout and salmon in Lake Michigan.
 - Smelt and suckers: See the 2008–2009 Wisconsin Spearing and Netting Regulations for regulations on taking smelt and suckers with nets and spears.
 - All other statewide fishing restrictions apply (see pages 6-10).

See map on page 63 for Green Bay-Lake Michigan Line.

FISH SPECIES Species not listed are governed by inland fishing regulations (pages 56–57).	Open Season (all dates inclusive)	Daily Limit	Minimum Length
Largemouth And Smallmouth Bass			
Within one-fourth mile of all islands in the Town of Washington Island	July 1-March 1	5 in total	12 inches
Other L. Michigan waters	May 3-March 1	5 in total	14 inches
Muskellunge (Includes Hybrids)			
North of Waldo Boulevard, Manitowoc	May 24-Nov. 30	1	50 inches
South of Waldo Boulevard, Manitowoc	May 3-Nov. 30	1	34 inches

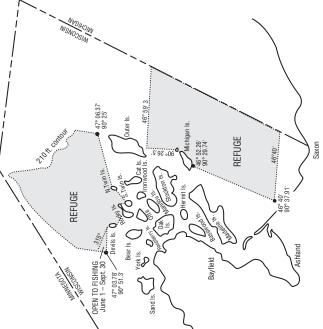
Northern Pike			
North of Waldo Boulevard, Manitowoc	open all year	5	none
South of Waldo Boulevard, Manitowoc	open all year	2	26 inches
Bluegill, Pumpkinseed, Sunfish, And Crappie	open all year for bluegill, sunfish and crappie	25 in total	none
Yellow Perch in Green Bay and the Fox River	May 20-March 15	15	
Yellow Perch in Lake Michigan	June 21-April 30	5	
Lake Sturgeon	No open season		
Walleye and Sauger (Includes Hybrids)			
Don Dinne from its mouth unstrange to the done of DoDone	March 1-May 2	1	28 inches
rox Kiver from its mouth upstream to the dain at Derete	May 3-March 1	3 in total	none
Lake Michigan Waters North of Waldo Boulevard, Manitowoc	March 2-May 2	1 in total	15 inches
Lake Michigan Waters North of Waldo Boulevard, Manitowoc	May 3-March 1	5 in total	15 inches
Lake Michigan Waters South of Waldo Boulevard, Manitowoc	open all year	5 in total	15 inches
Ruffe And Gobies	No open season-one r a WDNR Service Cer	No open season-one may be killed and possessed for transport to a WDNR Service Center or Regional Office.	sed for transport to
White Perch	open all year	none	none
Cisco and Whitefish	open all year	10 in total	none
Lake Trout			
Mid Lake Reef Complex (see page 60)	No open season		
Other L. Michigan Waters	Open March 1–Oct 31 CLOSED rest of	2	10 inches
	the year		
Other Trout and Salmon	open all year	5 in total; only 2 may be lake trout during the lake trout open season	10 inches

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Includes bays and harbors (except Allouez Bay, Superior Bay, St. Louis Bay Little Pokegama Bay, Pokegama Bay, and Kimballs Bay are considered boundary waters and are regulated by Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary water regulations). See the trout regulation pamphlet for regulations that apply to trout (including steelhead) and salmon caught from streams flowing into Lake Superior. Fish species not listed here are governed by general inland fishing regulations (pages 56–57) except for the St. Louis River, which is governed by Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary water regulations (pages 60-61).

Fishing Restrictions on Lake Superior Waters

- No fishing is allowed in the refuge indicated on the map. Specific descriptions of refuge boundaries are available at the Bayfield DNR Office, Box 589, 141 S. Third, Bayfield, WI 54814 (715/779-4035 ext. 15 or 16).
- Goldfish and alewife may not be possessed or used for bait in Lake Superior. Live crayfish may be used for bait on Lake Superior, but not on streams that flow into the lake.
- All ice fishing shelters must be removed from Lake Superior waters by March 15
 - Motor trolling is permitted on Lake Superior.
- If you fish in Lake Superior waters that are under the jurisdiction of other states or Canada, make sure you have the appropriate fishing license first, and obey the fishing regulations issued by those states or provinces.
- You must have a fishing license and a Great Lakes trout and salmon stamp privilege or a two-day Sports Fishing License to fish for trout and salmon in Lake Superior. You need an inland trout stamp privilege to fish for trout, including steelhead, in streams that flow into Lake Superior.
 - Smelt and other fish: See the 2008–2009 Wisconsin Spearing and Netting Regulations for regulations on taking smelt and other fish with nets and spears.



Fish Species	Open Season	Daily I imit	Minimum Length
Species not listed governed by inland fishing regulations (pages 50–51)	(all dates inclusive)	Dany Limit	
Largemouth And Smallmouth Bass			
(1 D) D D	May 3-June 20	0 (catch and release)	
(Includes nakagon Kivet and Stough)	June 21-March 1	1	22 inches
Northern Pike (may also be speared through the ice on Lake Superior)			
Lake Superior	open all year	2	26 inches
Tributaries and connected sloughs upstream to first dam or lake	May 3-March 1	2	26 inches
Panfish: Bluegill, Pumpkinseed, Sunfish, Yellow Perch, and Crappie	open all year	25	none
ROCK BASS	open all year	euou	none
Lake Sturgeon (Lake sturgeon taken with hook and line must be tagged and registered. See page 6 for more information.)	open all year	1 per year	50 inches
Walleye And Sauger (Includes Hybrids)	open all year	5 in total, only 1	15 inches
Tributaries and connected sloughs	May 3-March 1	over 20 inches	15 inches
Ruffe, White Perch and Gobies	no open season—one may be ki for transport to a WDNR office	no open season—one may be killed and possessed for transport to a WDNR office	pesse
Cisco And Whitefish (Includes Hybrids)	open all year	10 in total	none
	1000	5 in total of which only 1 may be	moint court
Trout	December 1 through	may be brook trout,	—26 inches;
	trout—open all year	lake trout with only 1 lake trout longer than 25 inches	other trout—15"
Salmon (Coho, Chinook, Pink and Atlantic)	open all year	5	none

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Questions?

Call the DNR Service Center nearest you.

Office hours vary by location. Contact center for hours.

You may also call the DNR Call Center toll-free at 1-888-WDNR INFO (1-888-936-7463) • local 608-266-2621.

Staff are available 7 days a week from 7:00 a.m. until 10:00 p.m.

Txhais lus Hmoob thoj hu tus xovtooj 1-888-936-7463. Muaj txhais lus Hmoob txhua hnub, Monday txog Sunday, 7:00 sawy ntxoy 10:00 tsaus ntuj.

El personal también está disponible para asistir a clientes de habla hispana en nuestro número gratuito. El personal que habla español está disponible 7 días a la semana a partir de la 7:00 de mañana hasta 10:00 p.m.

South Central Region 608 (Fitchburg)	8-275-3266	Northern Region(Spooner)	.715-635-2101
Dodgeville608	-935-3368	Antigo	.715-627-4317
Horicon920	-387-7860	Ashland	.715-685-2900
Janesville608	-743-4800	Cumberland	.715-822-3590
Poynette 608	-635-8110	Hayward	.715-634-2688
Southeast Region414	1-263-8500	Ladysmith	.715-532-3911
(Milwaukee)		Park Falls	.715-762-3204
Plymouth920	-892-8756	Rhinelander	.715-365-8900
Sturtevant262	-884-2300	Superior	.715-392-7988
Waukesha262	-574-2100	Woodruff	.715-356-5211
West Central Region715	5-839-3700	Northeast Region	.920-662-5100
(Eau Claire)		(Green Bay)	
Baldwin715	-684-2914	Oshkosh	.920-424-3050
Black River Falls715	-284-1400	Peshtigo	.715-582-5000
La Crosse608	-785-9000	Sturgeon Bay	. 920-746-2860
Wausau715	-359-4522	Wautoma	
Wisconsin Rapids715	-421-7800		

dnr.wi.gov

DNR Central Office:

Department of Natural Resources P.O. Box 7921 Madison, WI 53707-7921

Support Ethical Responsible Fishing • Report Violations
CALL 1-800-TIP-WDNR (1-800-847-9367)
or #367 from your cell phone (free for U.S. Cellular customers)
Toll Free • Statewide • 24-Hour • Confidential
(This is NOT an information number)
To email a report of violation not in progress:
le.hotline@dnr.state.wi.us

Wisconsin Anglers: Get the Lead Out!

Lead fishing tackle kills loons, eagles, swans, turtles, and other aquatic wildlife dependent on Wisconsin's lakes, rivers, and streams each year. All it takes is one lead sinker to kill a loon.



What will a change cost you?

Non-lead tackle is generally only pennies more than lead equivalents. Price comparisons show that steel tends to be even cheaper than lead.

	Lead	Tin	Steel
#3/0 Reusable Split Shot	\$0.03	\$0.04	\$0.04
#1/8 oz. Painted Jighead	\$0.40	\$0.51	\$0.25

Data: Sigurd Olson Environmental Institute

What else can you use?

- Some sinkers and jigs are now made from non-poisonous materials such as: Steel, tin, tungsten, bismuth, pewter, ceramic, densified plastic, and glass.
- These alternatives are simple to find and order on the Internet, and can also be found in some bait and tackle shops
- Switching to non-lead tackle is an inexpensive and easy way to make a difference.



What else can you do?

- Dispose of your lead tackle properly—do not throw it in a lake or trash can. Take
 it to your local household hazardous waste collection site or a scrap metal collector/recycler.
- Spread the word—tell others about the hazards of lead to wildlife and people.
 Encourage the switch to non-lead sinkers and jigs.
- Ask your favorite bait/tackle shop to carry lead alternative fishing tackle.
- Use nonlead ammunition for hunting

Enjoy fishing and the outdoors without poisoning wildlife by using non-toxic fishing tackle and ammunition.



What's in your tackle box?

Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia and YOU

A new fish virus was discovered in Lake Michigan and Lake Winnebago in May 2007. The virus may also be present in Lake Superior and the Mississippi River. The Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia virus, or VHSv, is not a threat to people who handle fish or want to eat their catch. However, it can spread easily to healthy fish that eat infected fish or absorb water carrying the virus.









Anglers favorites like musky, walleye, bluegill and trout are most susceptible to VHS. To keep them healthy and prevent this deadly fish disease from spreading, anglers should not move water or live fish away from a waterbody and they should buy their bait fish from licensed Wisconsin bait dealers (see page 21 for detailed regulations).

Infected fishes—whether they were infected with VHS before leaving the bait shop or picked it up while sitting in a bait bucket refreshed with water from that lake—are the most likely pathway for VHS to get introduced to new waters.

Fish appear to more vulnerable in the spring, when water temperatures are cold and their immune systems are stressed from the rigors of spawning.

Signs of VHS virus in fish include hemorrhaging or bloody spots on the skin and fins and inside in the muscle and tissues, pale or swollen internal organs, and swollen eyes.



This freshwater drum was the first documented record of VHS in Wisconsin.

There are reports from other states that the main VHS impact is on young fish. Die-offs of these smaller fish are not easy to detect and may take years to become noticeable in fish populations and fishing opportunities.

Anglers should report large numbers of dead or dying fish to the DNR Tipline at 1-800-TIP-WNDR (847-9367)

Please do your part to protect Wisconsin's great fishing!

For information on the current regulations and the VHS virus in Wisconsin visit dnr.wi.gov/fish/vhs

